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Cambria Freeman.

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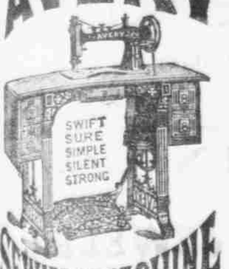

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CHAPTER V.

When, wasted and worn with fever, Jessie awoke to reason, it was to find her cousin haggard and aged by anxiety, and bitterly remorseful for bringing her to such a pass. The pure sunshine came through the quaint diamond-paned window and lighted up the sombre room, as Rex, in an agony of repentance, knelt by the bedside and implored her to give him just one kind word for pity's sake, but the memory of her wrongs came to her quickly, and raising herself feebly upon her pillows, she said scornfully:

"So I am still in captivity, still in your power, and I have been so near to God. Oh, it is awful! Leave me, there is no need of your face to remind me of the despair that has struck at my life, and nearly lost me my reason. Go; if I hated you once I hate you doubly now that I have suffered torment here.—What have I done that you should bring such surpassing misery upon me? Go, you madden me. Go, I say, in pity, go!"

Rex, roused out of his stupor of dejection by her fierce reproach, rose and staggered to the outer room, where Flora sat doing some homely needlework.

"Go to her, Flora, she is sensible now, but do not let her talk."

Flora rose and went swiftly into the sick room. Jessie was sitting up in bed, tears streaming down her white cheeks, her hands pressed frantically to her throbbing forehead.,

"How long have I been here?"

"Near upon a month, ma'am."

"A month! Good God! what will people think has become of me?"

"What does the world matter, my dear, if you have your husband?"

"My husband! Do you mean to say he has kept up that cruel farce? God help me, how can I fight against such relentless cunning? Oh, why did I not die, and so end all this perplexity."

"Hush, dearie, it is shocking to hear God's name invoked with such ungrateful words."

"But can you not understand how miserably I am placed, in my cousin's power as I am, and every one by this time imagining us man and wife, as he has made you believe we are. What can I say or do to convince you that I am speaking the truth in telling you there is no tie between my cousin and me except our consinship."

"Try to rest, dear, and no one shall disturb you. I promise you, wife or no wife, I'll stand between you and the man you dread so much until you are strong and well again. Let that content you, for I can say no more."

Jessie sighed and turned her face to the wall wearily. The summer sunbeams reflected in a glass of water made dancing waves of light upon the wall, and caught Jessie's eyes.

While she watched the golden waves on the wall an idea came to her to coax Flora Mackay to post a letter to Dr. Raynor, and so summon him to her assistance.

After a pretended sleep she roused herself and asked for her tea. While taking it she prevailed upon her nurse to get her writing materials and consent to post her letter.

She was persuaded only on one condition, that was that the letter should be addressed to a lady.

This condition rather baffled Jessie at first till she thought she could send to Dr. Raynor through their mutual friend Audrey Fisher. Jessie wrote a letter to that lady desiring her to give the enclosed long and troubled letter to Dr. Raynor, and entreat him to come or send at once, as she was in dire extremity.

The letter to Dr. Raynor fully explained her position, and the compromising nature of her surroundings; very humbly and lovingly she pointed out the scandalous construction the world would put upon her disappearance, and with a gentle pride she assured him that, should his love not be proof against the unfortunate complication of events which had made her the victim to her cousin's unscrupulous conduct, she would release him from his engagement without further delay. It was a touching, womanly letter, full of heart broken assurances of her love and chastity.

Flora despatched this epistle by a trusted ally, and Jessie, with anxious looks, daily waited a reply. Flora was as good as her word and kept Rex away from her, representing that she was still too ill to bear the excitement of seeing him.

At last the much-desired letter came. Flora gave it to her, amazed by the intense relief the sight of it afforded.

Jessie, recognizing Audrey's writing, felt sure the letter contained a promise of speedy rescue, but her face grew whiter as she read its contents which were as follows:

"DEAR JESSIE:—I received your letter and forwarded the enclosure to Dr. Raynor as desired. He has met with an accident while riding, and has fractured his leg, so that I could not see him to give it to him myself. Violet brought me the reply, which was brief and almost cruel. I cannot think what you have done to deserve it. He said, 'Tell Jessie I am grieved to hear of her unfortunate position; the remedy lies in her own hands, she has but one course open to her, that she must see for herself. I cannot help her, for all the was ended between us when she, with so little care for herself or me, put herself in her cousin's power. Tell her I send her my best wishes for her future happiness, and regret the cause of her breaking troth.' Violet told me, with tears in her eyes, that her brother was terribly cut up by your letter, and had sternly forbidden her ever to mention your name again to him. He is rapidly recovering from his accident, and intends to go abroad until his health is completely restored. Papa and I intend to accompany Dr. Raynor and Violet, so that it would be hardly worth while for you to write again as I might not get the letter. With sympathy and good wishes for your future happiness, I remain, yours truly,

"ARTEMUS FISHER."

With a cry of agony Jessie fell back in a dead faint.

Rex, who was killing time by sketching the view from the sitting-room window, heard the cry, and rushed in to see Jessie apparently dead and Flora wild with anxiety.

Quickly taking in the whole situation he laid Jessie more easily, and dashed water in her face, and trying to chafe her hands he discovered the letter clenched tightly between her fingers.

He drew it out with an evil look at Flora, and put it in his pocket.

When the dark eyes unclosed to life again, he left Jessie and eagerly read the letter.

An exultant look flashed to his eyes, his lips curled scornfully as he said with wicked triumph:

"The game is mine; Audrey has kept her promise. Now to get the girl away from here. Raynor will be here as fast as love can speed him. What about that accident though? That may give me time. I fancy there is truth in that. Well, I won't trust too much to the delay that promises, I can afford to be more tender with my wilful little gipsy now that she is mine."

"Where is my letter, Flora? Oh, where is my letter, I had it in my hand when I fainted? Find it for me, please, I am anxious to destroy it at once."

"I can't get it for you. Mr. Vennimore took it out of your hand. Ask him for it, not me," answered the woman sullenly, for she knew her lover would be bitterly angry with her for allowing her charge to receive a letter.

Her half imbecile old father called her away now, and as she passed through the sitting-room, Rex said:

"Can I go in now, I want to speak to my wife?"

"Yes, sir, you can; but I entreat you to deal kindly with her, for she is too ill to bear any more trouble."

Jessie lifted her heavy eyes scornfully to her cousin's face as he entered, and took the vacant chair beside the bed.

"'Tis a manly thing to do, Rex, to force your way into a sick woman's room, when you know what a dread I have of your unwelcome visits. You have read my letter, I suppose, and have come to gloat over my suffering, my shame, my bitter humiliation, and cruel disappointment. The worst you can do is easily borne now, for I have suffered the cruellest stab fortune could inflict me with, and I still live to endure the torture you can inflict."

"Cheer up, little woman, I'm not quite the wretch you imagine me. I love you too well, poor darling, to exult over you now. Try to think a little better of me, dear; indeed I deserve it. Remember 'all's fair in love and war,' and many a man has perilled his soul to win a weak woman. Get well, Jess; show your pride is above succumbing to the pain this man has brought you. He ought to have known you too well to have allowed anything to lessen his love and trust in you. Forget him and make me happy; we will be married in Edinburgh directly you can bear the journey. My mother will meet you there and see that the marriage is orthodox. Only cheer up and try to get well. Your illness has been a bitter reproach to me. I long to carry you off to sunnier lands, and see the change bring back your old bonny looks. I would be good to you, dear, and make you happy, if you would let me; indeed I could, for I love you, and love is strong to conquer."

"Rex, if you have a spark of love for me, leave me. I am wretched, resentful, and despairing. If it pleases God to restore me to health, I shall be able to face my position and understand things better; just now I am worn out in mind and body. You have brought this misery upon me, the least you can do is to let matters mend themselves, if they are not beyond mending. For me, I have only one desire, and that is to hide my poor head from the world, if I am not allowed the blessed relief of dying. Go, please; I promise one thing, that is, you shall take me to your mother; she is all I have, the only friend in all the world now, and she has failed me like all the rest when I had most need of her."

Rex lifted the little hand to his lips and left her, feeling anything but victorious.

Before the week had gone the cousins were on their way to Edinburgh. Jessie was but a shadow of her bright, bonny self; Rex, with a dissatisfied, worried look in his bold, handsome eyes, for sure as he pretended to be, the delay bothered him; the game was not played out yet, and who could tell what turn fickle fortune might take to defeat him? So far he had been successful, but looking into Jessie's changed face he felt his success had been bought at a cruel cost, and hard and callous as he was, he could not stifle a feeling of keen self-reproach, for he spoke truly when he said he loved his cousin.

He did love her to the best of his black heart's ability, loved her and sinned against all that should appeal to a noble nature; sinned against her helplessness, her innocence, her happiness, and still dared to say he loved her.

No words of reproach escaped Jessie's lips, when she met her aunt's voice low and unsteady with emotion: eyes, she knew how the son had traded upon the timid, weak nature of his mother, and while she despised she pitied her.

One morning Jessie was roused out of the deceitful calm that had fallen upon her by Rex, who said, with forced bravado:

"Jessie, I have made all arrangements for our marriage, which must take place next week. Do not make any fresh obstacles, please, dear; for, indeed, marriage with me will be your best policy."

Mrs. Vennimore dropped her book and looked anxiously up into Jessie's blanched face. She had risen and faced her cousin with two words upon her lips, spoken with hopeless bitterness:

"So soon?"

"My dear girl, it is better so. A pretty little scandal is afloat about our innocent escapade, and to silence it I propose that we are publicly married as soon as possible."

With a rush the color flew back to Jessie's face, the light to her eyes, as she answered with head erect, swiftly panting breast, and vivid lips from which the breath came quickly:

"You have indeed covered me. For the sake of your good old mother, you know I must consent to your terms; there is no reason now that I should not, since the only man I love can despise me. But hear and understand me clearly—if this marriage takes place, it will be a marriage of outward form only, there can be no dear tie of love between us. I shall be your wife in name only, and shall claim from you only freedom and distance. The marriage will make a good part of my fortune yours, the rest will suffice for my needs. I only want to be free from your cruel persecution for ever. Your mother must be witness to this agreement. I will not reproach either of you for wrecking my happy young life, your own consciences must be my best advocates. I only say, take what you want, but leave me peace in its stead."

"But suppose I do not agree to marry on those terms, Jessie," said Rex, grasping her hand fiercely, and looking into her proud, defiant eyes; "suppose I refuse to marry you and let the world say its worst, while I smile on its mistaken judgment, and by silence tacitly give consent to the worst it can believe. What then?"

"I have told you my decision, it is unalterable. If you cannot accept my terms I shall return to the convent-school that sheltered and made my childhood happy. There will be a welcome for me there, and the life would rest me from the world that you have made wearisome to me. I do not care how you decide; I shall be free of you soon in any case, you know that."

Rex's eyes blazed, the veins swelled upon his forehead, and his mother, seeing the storm that was raging within him, shivered a little and crossed to his side with a feeble sigh of intense weariness; laying her thin, white hand upon his, she said in her tender, quivering voice:

"Accept your only chance, agree to Jessie's terms; you can make your own when the law makes you her master. Do not drive her to desperation. Your mother never advised you but for your own good, my son, so listen now, and curb your evil temper for all our sakes. Do, Rex; I—your mother—implore you; pray let there be peace."

Rex shook off his mother's hand impatiently, and crossed to where Jessie stood; she had gone to the window to be out of earshot, and was looking up at the big expanse of blue sky, watching a bird that seemed to be trying to outfly the wind cloud. She turned coldly at the sound of her cousin's voice, which was hoarse and strange.

"Jessie, I accept your terms. Shall I appoint Wednesday for our wedding-day?"

"All days are alike to me, Wednesday will do."

Rex was about to turn away when passion mastered reason, and turning on her fiercely, he said in an undertone of intense appeal:

"Jessie, are you stone to torture a heart that loves you. Must it be always so with us, have you no pity?"

"I have no pity for you, I need it all for myself. It must be always so with us, always till life is ended. All that was good and tender in me is dead, dead as my own heart, and you have killed it."

Rex clenched his hand and groaned as he left her, and his mother sank sobbing by her side, saying:

"Oh, Jessie! for God's sake do not steel your heart against your only friends."

"Friends!" whispered Jessie, despairingly. "If you are my friends, Heaven send me enemies."

CHAPTER VI.

Richmond again in the ruddy light of rosy July sunshine. A light breeze stole in at the open window of the pleasant parlor at The Poplars, where Dr. Raynor lay back in a lounge-chair idly reading the *Times*. Violet, in a pretty summer dress with roses in her bosom, sat in her favorite corner, her work-table strewn with gay crewels; her big John leant over her chair, and watched her with adoring eyes. He looked up and asked as Bob laid down the paper impatiently:

"Have you heard of Jessie Vennimore lately, Bob?"

"No, I wish to Heaven I had. I wrote to her telling her of my accident and begging her to hold out till I could come to her. Fancy the poor child sick and surrounded by so much trouble. Oh! it makes me feel like a madman to think of it. I have laid here like a log while she had such need of me. Had you been at home when the letter came, John, I should have asked you to go to her in my stead. I suffer torments while picturing that man's power for evil. I'll start for Scotland to-day at any risk."

"Oh, Bob dear, you are not fit, it will kill you; you can hardly stand yet."

"I've ordered a crutch, and will be careful for my poor girl's sake. Do not try to dissuade me, Violet; I must go, indeed I must."

Violet's pretty eyes were filled with tears; her lover patted her cheek kindly, and said:

"There, there, little woman; I'll go and look after this headstrong brother of yours. I shall be glad to plant my feet upon my native heath once more. I did not think I should go there until I could take you, but"—with a sigh—"so much happiness must not be mine just yet, sweetheart, so I'll go with Bob."

"Do, you dear good fellow, I shall feel safe if he is with you. Here comes Audrey; open the door, John. Goodness, Audrey! are you ill, you look so white?"

Audrey smiled as she shook hands with each in turn, then sank into a chair close to Bob, where her face was in the shadow.

"No, I am not ill, but I am the bearer of unpleasant news, Violet. I want to speak to Bob alone; suppose you try that new song with Mr. Dean."

"All right, Audrey, but remember Bob is an invalid, and you must be gentle with him."

As the door closed upon Violet and John, Bob said:

"What have you to tell me, Audrey? Have you any tidings of my poor darling? If you have, speak quickly; my heart is eaten up with anxiety."

Audrey crept behind his chair, so that he could not see her face, then laying her hand on his head, she said, in a voice low and unsteady with emotion:

"Bob dear, can you bear a shock? Can you be brave and believe all things tend to some good end even when our hearts are almost broken by grief and disappointment?"

"Audrey, what do you mean? Speak plainly. I am not a child. Say anything but that my girl is dead!"

"It is not that, Bob dear; but she in future must be dead to you. I heard from her to-day. Rex has gained his wicked victory. She marries him on Wednesday."

Bob sprang to his feet and brought his hand down with a crash upon the table beside him, saying, with eyes of flame fixed upon her face, "By Heaven, she shall not!"

"Oh, Bob, Bob, be patient; perhaps 'tis better so. She could not be worthy of such love as yours, or she would have been true till death. Take comfort, darling; there are loyal hearts and unchanging loves that live and burn, beside which such puny flames as hers are as quenched fires. Take comfort; shut her out of your heart since she could so weakly slip out of your life."

Audrey had come quite close to him in her excitement, her fair face was transformed by passion. There was no mistaking the lovelight of her eyes.

Amazement, bewilderment, and disgust slowly merged into a suspicion of foul play in Bob's mind. All her undesired love was plain to him now.

"What do you mean by such emotion, Audrey? Why are you so to me?—Speak?"

Audrey had sunk to her knees, her face lifted towards his. Seizing his hand in both her own, she said passionately:

"Despise me if you will, Bob; but I love you. I love you with a force and passion that must win some return from you, or I shall die. Let me comfort you, my own dear love. Let me fill the heart that poor weak creature could never have satisfied for a life-time. Do not look so coldly on me. Am I not beautiful? Am I not a woman to content a man? Speak to me. No, you shall not take your hands away. I will cling to them till you are kind to me. Oh, Bob, Bob!"

"Hush, Audrey! for Heaven's sake! You know I have no love to give you. It hurts me to lower your womanhood thus. My friend, my sister, let us forget this foolish scene—imagine it as unreal as this mad love of yours, that will pass away like morning dew beneath the warmth of some good man's love some day. Come, dear, do not add to my troubles by this wayward freak of your untried heart. Get up, dear; 'tis not fit that the knee should lend in supplication to any but the King of Kings."

"You are my king, my love, my master. Let man kneel to God and woman kneel to man, the ruler of love, for which one lives. Bob, I beseech you to say one hopeful word to me. Now Jessie is lost to you, will you not win content from me?"

"Jessie is not lost yet. I will win her. She is the only woman I will call wife. Show me her letter. I insist—you have it in your pocket. Come, give it to me. It is all I can take from you. Do not anger me; I cannot trust myself to be patient. Give me the letter."

Audrey rose slowly, compelled by the sternness of his unflinching eyes.

Instinctively she put her hand in her pocket.

Bob heard a rustle of paper, and taking hold of her hand, drew out the letter.

She made one effort to retain it, but he forced it from her and read:

"DEAR AUDREY:—Your letter showed me that you shared Dr. Raynor's better judgment of my unhappy position. I do not write to reproach you. You were but his mouthpiece. I do not wish to open old wounds. I only hope you may never suffer from the uncharitable judgment of one who ought to keep faith if all the world were false. I have given in at last. What use to fight single-handed against fate? Nothing can matter since Bob can believe ill of me, so I am going to be married to Rex Vennimore on Wednesday, the 14th. I hate him, but since scandal has coupled our names, it is my only course. I am only twenty, and upon the eve of my marriage, yet I

"Let us hear the lady's wishes, we will uphold them."

"I wish to be free from that man, to marry Dr. Raynor, if he will have me."

"I'm sold, by Heaven," said Rex between his teeth.

"Yes," answered John Dean, "sold by a power that knows your value. Come, Bob, bring Miss Vennimore away."

"Stop her, mother."

"No, Rex, I cannot. We have wronged her enough. Go, dear, and God bless you!"

The clouds of sorrow were dispersed, and henceforth joy and peace filled the hearts of Bob Raynor and the LASS OF RICHMOND HILL.

THE HOME OF FICTION.

Howells Says It Is to be American—How the Novelist Works.

Facts about living authors, especially when they fall from their own lips, possess a singular charm for all classes of readers; hence our excuse for giving the following report of an interview with William Dean Howells, the novelist:

"Do you work thirteen hours a day, as Balzac was reported to have done?"

"No, I do about three hours' mental labor each day—actual writing. I begin writing at 9 o'clock in the morning and quit at noon. But after that I go about thinking it all over, and when I cross the street I keep one eye on my character and the other on the cabs. I once thought novel writing would come easy, that I could sit down and a beautiful book would just flow spontaneously from my pen. That was a foolish thought and an egregious error. Of course, I was a young man then and indulged in dreams and idle fancies. The first novel I wrote I worked. Ah! I flattered myself that I would not have to labor at fiction any more after the first—that was the arduous task, and all else would come naturally. I know now that novel writing is always labor—hard, unremitting work. It seems that each book I write I work as hard, if not harder than on my first. Success, I think, depends on labor! Young writers beginning doubtless live on the flattering idea that at a certain time it will be simply play to put together a novel. They soon discard that notion. Then, too, many imagine that a close reading of books will fit them for fiction-writing. That is a mistake.

"When I was a young man I was offered the position of city editor on a Cincinnati paper. I have regretted to this day that I did not accept it. It would have given me a great schooling in studying human nature. Besides, I should have been taught many things in a general and practical way that books never can teach. Instead I went to my books. When I was 24 years old President Lincoln appointed me Consul at Venice. I remained there for a number of years. That is why I lay many of my scenes in Italy. I have seen and studied the country."

"Some cities allege that you are on the wrong track—that you have scarcely any plot and break all the rules of novel-writing."

"I have no special answer to make to such criticisms. I write a novel to suit myself, and do not proceed by rule and model. My plan is to work out everything in a natural way. I try not to draw improbable characters. A novel-writer should have no model, but strive for probability and reality. The old romantic school is fast dying out, and with it the complicated and often impossible plots. The grange, the moat, the ancient castle, are relegated to legendary writers, and have no part and place in our advanced and matter-of-fact days. The great romancers are dead, and only a few are left in England to produce that unreal style of fiction."

"Is England behind other countries in novel-writing?"

"Yes, for there the romantic school still flourishes to some extent. Of course, there are some exceptionally great and realistic writers in England. At the head of the list I place Thomas Hardy, whose novels I read with absorbing interest. I have not read so many of Mr. William Black's novels, but I know their charm. I don't know why, but England is far behind the countries on the Continent. Russia has the greatest novel-writers. They stand ahead of all others in the world. Why? They are natural. Von read Tolstoi or Tourguenieff, especially the former, and you become at once enchained by his realism. Tolstoi's story, Anna Kessenina, is not only great but carries with it the conviction that it is true and really happened. Those writers have no models, no rules to go by; they seem to proceed by the rule of their feeling and judgment and what they see and know. In France the old sensational school has long given way to the natural. When Victor Hugo died the death knell of the romantic school was sounded. Emile Zola, Daudet and others are rapidly bringing credit to France by their natural methods. In Italy and Spain the class of fiction writers are ahead of England in method. They have caught the spirit of truth, and write what was, and is and may be, and not what was not, and is not and never can be."

"How is America as a home for the realistic school?"

"The United States is perhaps, destined to outstrip the other countries in realistic novel-writing. True, we haven't the old history, the castles and knights, all prolific themes for the imaginative writer, and we don't want them; but we have more novel phases of life and character to study and depict than any other country on the face of the globe. Our institions, too, are different, and everything is favorable to the production of a class of original fiction-writers. We have some already that are eminent in their line. Geo. W. Cable, Miss Murfree, G. P. Lathrop and others. Of course, we have some who still are guided by the old methods. Those who succeed, in my opinion, will have to study out character—and every section of this country has a local peculiarity that fiction can portray. Now I have nothing to do with day before yesterday; I deal with the present and fear to trespass on the morrow. I came from Ohio. I have not written anything about the people and their characteristics, yet I have a lively recollection of everything connected with my early life there. Don't ask me about the natural school in America; it really exists and is the predominating fiction."

"Some criticisms have been passed on your last novel, Indian Summer, that your style is some-what changed."

"Yes, and what makes it more amusing is that Indian Summer is not my last novel. I wrote it before I did the Rise and Fall of Silas Lapham. It was not published owing to certain editorial exigencies. I laid the scene in Florence instead of here, but the characters were Americans. I made the grouping at Florence because it is a fact that so many Americans of all sorts meet there, and there was nothing unusual about it. I could have placed the whole action in America for that matter. It is unnecessary for writers to go out of America to get character and material for a novel. The material is at our very feet, and requires natural gift and practice to put into reality and artistic shape. The more practice a writer has the better."

Education Abroad.

Germany is the least illiterate country in Europe. For example, of persons above 15 years of age in Germany 94 per cent can read, while in Great Britain the percentage is 91, in Austria and France each 88, in Italy 74, in Spain 60 and in Russia 53.

KEEP OUT OF DEBT.

[With the usual hitrioodles of English orthography]

A man in debt
Is not well gott
Unto he's in the tomb,
His cares will wretch
So heavy thatgh
Will shroud his life with gloomb.

He'll practise gotlee
And never smuliee
His head with pain will sebu
He'll grieve and sigh
And want to dieh
And thus his troubles shoebie.

But owing none
He'll have more fone
Than any king that reigns;
He'll fool benign;
His health is fign
And he long life straigns.

Without a doubt
All can keep outt
Of debt if only they
Will never buy
To please the eny
And cash down always pey.
—H. C. Dodge in Detroit Free Press.

TIMMS' STRATEGY.

Mapes was chivalrous by nature; he believed in "seeking the bubble reputation even in the cannon's mouth." His enthusiasm was aroused by the recital of stories of deeds of desperate daring, while he had nothing but contempt for even success won by crooked and indirect means. Timms, on the contrary, believed there was policy in war, and that the end justified the means, particularly if the end was attained. Companions from infancy, their lives had been spent in competition for scholastic and such other honors as the locality afforded, without even a momentary break in their friendship. But now, in early manhood, they struggled for a prize of incalculable value, with an ardor that threatened a complete rupture of friendly relations. The heart and hand of Eliza Reed, the neighborhood belle, were to be won, and to these none others might aspire, in the face of such formidable competition as that of Mapes and Timms. They alone—each by virtue of his own personality and position—had a right to lay a siege to the heart of that variable, irritable, imperious beauty, and for months the strife between them had gone on. Each one had called into play all his personal and social resources; for the local society had taken such an interest that it was divided into two factions, known as the Mapesites and the Timmsites. And yet Miss Eliza could not be brought to express a preference; if she rode with one to-day, she was careful to walk abroad with the rival to-morrow.

Coquetry is delicious to a woman, and Eliza would not have been feminine had she been in haste to have made an election. Nevertheless, she did not intend to miss her opportunity. She knew well the war could not always last, and feared that when one of the aspirants for her favor withdrew from the contest, the love of the other, wanting the stimulus of competition, would grow cold; hence, she had made up her mind that, upon the first favorable opportunity, she would signify to Mapes that his suit, so often pressed, was at last accepted. The opportunity, it seemed, was not to be long wanting, for invitations were given out for an apple-bee in the neighborhood, and Eliza found means to convey an intimation to Mapes that she expected to meet him there, and counted on his escort home at the conclusion of the frolic.

The appointed evening looked for with such nervous anticipation by Mapes, came at length. He felt that it was the most important of his life, and arrayed himself as only a rustic dandy can. His way lay across a meadow, through which ran—or rather loitered—a deep, but narrow stream, spanned by a single log. It was so dark when he reached this primitive bridge that he was compelled to feel his way slowly across. As he progressed it commenced to swing lightly, something very unusual—until he reached the center, when, to his utter confusion, it gave way, and he was launched into the water. He scrambled out, then suddenly the night became luminous with that lurid light to which people refer when they say, in speak of some profane wretch, "He swore until all was blue." Whatever illuminating qualities this lurid light possessed, it had no drying ones, and Mapes was forced to bid adieu for the night to all hopes of plighting his troth to the fair Eliza.

In the rural districts Down East in early times the good people had such habits of industry and rigid economy that they seldom gave or attended parties, unless such as were cloaked under the names of raisings, quiltings, huskings or apple-bees; thus, the apple-bee fraught with momentous consequences to Mapes and Timms, was but a social party in disguise—a few apples being pared, quartered, cored and strung in the early evening for appearances'

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - JUNE 11, 1886.

THE Home Rule bill came up in the English House of Commons on Monday last, and on a vote to proceed to the second of the same the bill was defeated by a vote of 311 yeas, to 341 nays, being a majority of 30 against it. Mr. Gladstone then moved an adjournment of the House until yesterday which was adopted. This vote will be followed by a dissolution of Parliament and the election of a new House of Commons, the main issue in the canvass being the question of Home Rule for Ireland.

AT a recent meeting in Industrial Art Hall, Philadelphia, in favor of reforming the inequalities of the tariff, Hon. Abram L. Hewitt, the well-known Democratic member of Congress from the tenth New York city district, was the principal speaker, and at the outset of his remarks said: "The State of Pennsylvania is the richest portion of the habitable globe. There is no equal area on this or any other continent so endowed by Divine Providence with all the elements of wealth and prosperity, and there should not be a hamlet in the State of Pennsylvania where comfort does not reign."

THE "head-quarters" of the National Greenback party, said to be located at Des Moines, Iowa, sent a dispatch to the President congratulating him upon his marriage and requesting him to "make the whole nation happy by ordering the immediate call of one hundred millions of bonds, and thus give new life to business, new hope to a nation of debtors." The President, in the opinion of the New York *World*, should have been requested to issue a hundred bales of new greenbacks and give every man over twenty-one years of age a deed for forty acres of land, a mule and a dozen packages of garden seeds. This would have been a very practical petition.

A GENTLEMAN who has investigated the subject gives some figures relative to the religious complexion of the present Congress, which he says are reliable. Of the 408 Senators, members and Territorial Delegates who compose Congress 72 are Methodist, 63 Baptist, 41 Episcopalians, 38 Presbyterians, 36 Catholics, 15 Unitarians, 8 Lutherans, 10 Christians (Campbellites) and 2 Quakers, making a total of 283 who are actively connected with some church organization. This leaves 125 who either never belonged to any Church or have drifted out of such associations. It would appear from these figures that Congress pretty good missionary ground.

MR. MANNING, Secretary of the Treasury, sent his letter of resignation to the President on May 20, assigning as his reason the delicate condition of his health. Mr. Cleveland in his reply asks Mr. Manning to accept a leave of absence until the first of October next "when, if you desire it, the question of your resignation may be resumed, with, perhaps better means of judging all the facts and probabilities which should be considered in its determination." Mr. Manning acceded to this request and has gone to the Warm Springs, Virginia, where he will remain for some time. Mr. Manning has fully demonstrated that he is a very able man in his Department and the President is unwilling to part with him, trusting that his health will be restored and that he will again be enabled to resume his post. If it had not been for the presence of Daniel Manning at the Chicago Convention as one of the delegates from New York, Grover Cleveland would not have been nominated for President.

JOHANN MOST, the New York Anarchist, was sentenced by Recorder Smyth, before whom he had been tried and convicted last week of inciting to riot, to an imprisonment of one year in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of five hundred dollars. One of his associates and co-laborers, Braunschweig, who is equally as dangerous a man as Most without near as much ability, will keep him company for nine months and pay a like fine. The Recorder regarded Schenck, the other defendant, as the mere dupe of his more able companions, but still deserving punishment to warn others against following the teachings of such men as Most, and sentenced him to the penitentiary for nine months, but did not fine him. Most delivered a brief address to the court before sentence was passed upon him, but it only had the effect of inducing the Recorder to say to him that he regarded him as the greatest scoundrel he had ever seen at the bar of his court, and to express his deep regret that the law did not permit him to impose a heavier sentence.

AT the Democratic primary Election in Greene county on last Saturday week Hon. Charles E. Boyle, the present member of Congress from the district composed of the counties of Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene, was defeated by a small majority by Samuel Montgomery, who is a prominent member of the Greene county bar. On Saturday last Mr. Boyle carried his own county, Fayette, by a sweeping majority, so that it remains for Westmoreland county to decide the controversy. Mr. Boyle is now serving out his second term and wants to be returned the third time. He is a gentleman of very decided ability and has gained a high position in the House. No objection is urged against his course in Congress and the opposition to him, outside of his own county, arises simply from the fact that all the men who wanted offices didn't get them. To strike down a man of Mr. Boyle's prominence just when he is becoming a useful public man, in order that some hungry and inexperienced aspirant for his place may be gratified, would be a mistake for which there can be no adequate excuse. If the Democracy of Westmoreland appreciate the admitted ability and sterling integrity of Mr. Boyle as they ought, and as we believe they do, they will give him their hearty endorsement and thus render his calling and election sure.

THE GREAT DEMOCRAT.

Samuel J. Tilden and the Development of his Political Philosophy.

It is a striking tribute to the excellence of Mr. John Bigelow's work as editor of the speeches and writings of Samuel J. Tilden, that both here and abroad the two volumes have been accepted as a satisfactory political biography of the statesman, not merely an appendix-like collection of miscellaneous documents. Mr. Bigelow's preface contains the best characterization of Mr. Tilden that has yet appeared. In less than a score of pages we have a sketch of his public career and an estimate of his intellectual qualities which it would be hard to better in respect of vigor, insight, or justice. The plan followed by the editor in the body of the work is equally admirable. The selection of material is so judicious, and so lucid are the brief chapters in which Mr. Bigelow carries the reader from paper to paper, explaining circumstances and relations, that the book has the interest of a continuous narative.

Mr. Tilden seems never to have been a very young man intellectually. In the earnest letters in which the boy of 19 attacked the heresy of nullification there is plenty of evidence of the mental grasp and nature and adequate reasoning which distinguish the more important papers of his later years. Sparing of speech in public as in private; taking up his pen only when consideration is fully ripe; possessing in a wonderful degree the faculty of analysis and statement; never caring much for rhetoric or pose, and aiming constantly at results to be reached by strong arguments presented in the most persuasive way, he leaves, perhaps, a more definitely crystallized system of political philosophy than any American statesman who is or has been his contemporary. Those who agree with him and those who dissent from his views of the fundamental principles will be alike impressed with the consistency of the record, as here made up. He has been for half a century one of the few original thinkers in American politics—one of the very few who have succeeded throughout the vicissitudes of party strife in making expediency bend always to philosophy. With all Mr. Tilden's consummate skill in the arts of partisanship, it is surprising how little of the partisan, in the narrow sense, appears in his declarations. His calm thought and wise fore-thought have illuminated every one of the great questions of the last fifty years; and yet whose recorded utterances, considered as a whole or in detail, can better stand the test of judgment in the light of present knowledge?

The development that may be traced, as one follows Mr. Tilden's career from Kinderhook to Graystone, is not so much that of the political philosopher as of the man of action. There is, as we said, no crudity even in his earliest political essays. Nature gave him at the outset the full armament for intellectual warfare. His treatment of the difficult problems affecting the national finances, under Jackson's and Van Buren's Administrations, his resistance of the slaveholding power's attempt to make the nationalization of slavery the test article of Democratic faith, his loyal efforts to avert the danger of secession and the frightful struggle he so clearly foresaw and predicted, are all characterized by the same comprehensive intelligence as manifests itself in his public writings and speeches after his ideas had begun to dominate the party. The evolution, the progressive movement that may be traced through the two volumes is the growth of Mr. Tilden's personal influence on party counsels and the country's affairs—a steady movement, carrying him from obscurity to fame, and through municipal, State, and national politics to the foremost place. This is what gives the book a unity and dramatic interest not often possessed by such compilations. The good taste and skill of Mr. Bigelow's unobtrusive management of this theme deserve the highest praise. A hundred thousand words of explanation could not have made more significant the story which the simple chronological sequence of letters and speeches tells.

Naturally, there is little in the book that exhibits Mr. Tilden as the practical politician, the greatest master in his time of the arts of party organization, management, and discipline. It is in this aspect alone that many of Mr. Tilden's fellow citizens have persisted in regarding him. A remark that has been attributed to Mr. Tilden, rightly or wrongly, is characteristic enough, and contains the true explanation of his success as a party leader. "I give them issues—issues" he is said to have whispered to a friend who approached him on the subject of his relations with the party of which he was then the active chief. We think that the bitterest political enemy of Mr. Tilden cannot study his life record as here presented in its entirety without reaching the conviction that he rose steadily to commanding influence by virtue of the highest qualities of statesmanship, nor without increased respect for the sincerity of his motives, the wisdon and unswerving loyality of his patriotism, and the unselfishness of a career that ends with dignity in the memorable letter declining for a second time a nomination that meant election to the office that is statesmanship's greatest prize.—*The Critic.*

A BILL to prevent the acquisition of real estate property by aliens passed the U. S. Senate on Tuesday. The bill makes it unlawful for any person or persons, not citizens of the United States, or who have not lawfully declared their intention to become such, or for any alien corporation or any corporation more than 20 per cent. of whose stock is owned by aliens, to acquire or hold real estate in any of the Territories or the District of Columbia, except that acquired by devise or inheritance or in the collection of debts hereafter created.

It also provides that no corporation other than those organized for the construction or operation of railways, canals or turnpikes shall acquire, hold or own over 5,000 acres of land so hereafter acquired in any of the Territories of the United States. The bill now goes to the House for concurrence, and should and no doubt will become a law at an early day.

THE PRESIDENT MARRIED.

A Quiet Wedding Ceremony Performed at the White House.

Grover Cleveland and Miss Frances Folsom are one. "It is over," came from the White House, and the ever-moving marks of time seemed loth to rest in happiness at the pointings to 7:30 o'clock Wednesday evening, the moment the distinguished couple were pronounced man and wife.

It wanted a few minutes of five o'clock when the special newspaper correspondents were invited to view the White House decorations. Entering the east room by the doorway at the foot of the stairs, the fragrance of an immense conservatory at once welled up. Massed in a semicircle in the main window, looking out on the east lawn, was a grand collection of towering palms, fern and rare exotics, with a fringe of vari-colored small plants at the base. The mantles upon which rest the two large mirrors on either side were bedded with flowers, including roses, pinks and orange blossoms. In the three smaller windows at the north and south ends of the room plants were also grouped, and on every one of the ordinarily solemn pillars, from floor to ceiling, was a large shield of red white and blue flowers, and encircling the pillars were chains of evergreens, studded with roses. Only a few plants were placed in the green room in the rear of the corridor and to the west, and there was little attempt at decorating the red room, further to the west and also on the north side of the building.

HISTORIC BLUE ROOM.

Between these two appartments is the historic blue room. It was made a marvel of beauty, a perfect gem, never surpassed in the existence of the mansion. The choicest growths of the national conservatory were plucked to form the picture. The room is bounded by curved walls and the richest and most costly dressing in blue and silver, with crystal and silver chandeliers pendent from a silver-gray ceiling and projecting from the walls. To this beautiful picture in art was added the most enchanting gifts from flora's shrine. The three windows opening on the north were hidden behind a cluster of palms, ferns and other tall plants, about the branches of which were entwined garlands of roses, enlivening the backgrouad of green. Between the three doorways leading to the east and west rooms and the corridors respectively were also collections of plants, while above the middle doorway was a floral piece with "E Piuribus Unum" wrought in red carnations. Golden-framed mirrors rose above the fire-places on the east and west sides of the room. At the base of that backed to the setting sun was a mantel of red roses, with the letters "C. F." worked in a monogram with white roses. The mantel of the east mirror was banked with pansies, with "June 2, 1885, fashioned in white on a purple ground, fringed with yellow and a border of pink roses. A wealth of begonias sprouted from each fire place.

The floral decorations did not end here. To the south of the red room is the apartment where the collation was served. The table was set "A La Stand Up." The centre piece was a full-rigged floral ship resting in a placid mirror sea encircled by a bed of red roses. On either side of the hull of the vessels was the word "Hymen" in red flowers. From the mainmast the stars and stripes floated proudly, while from the fore and mizzenmasts waved tiny white satin flags stamped with the monogram "C, F," in gilt. A large bunch of long-stemmed La France roses was held in a vase at one end of the table.

DEPARTURE FOR DEER PARK, MD.

There was a great crowd waiting outside of the White House anticipating the departure of the president and his bride on their wedding trip, and expecting a glimpse of the party as they passed out. They lingered until all the guests had gone, and at last, giving up all hope of seeing the happy couple, many departed. While this vast assemblage was speculating on the movements of the president and wife the pair was speeding miles away on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad in the direction of Deer Park.

In order to avoid the curious crowd the president had taken his young wife under his wing and quietly slipped away by the rear entrance, where a carriage was in waiting. They were driven at once to the Baltimore & Ohio railroad depot, where a special train was in readiness to start at a moment's notice Colonel Lamont said the president will probably remain about a week at Deer Park, where a cottage connected with the hotel has been leased and fitted up specially for the honeymoon.

Although the couple succeeded in eluding the newspaper men at the executive mansion, a party of about fifty correspondents started in pursuit on a train following an hour later. When asked about the presents Colonel Lamont stated that there were quite a number, but he refused to give any further information on the subject other than to say that the president presented the bride with a handsome and costly diamond necklace. About two hundred congratulatory telegrams were received from all quarters of the globe. The decorations will be photographed later.

Secretary Garland was the only member of the cabinet who did not attend the marriage ceremony. His last visit to the president was on Tuesday, and his absence from the weeding is ascribed to his determination not to wear a full dress suit.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS' WORTH OF GIFTS.

About midnight Mr. Benjamin Folsom, cousin of the bride, said that 10 per cent, of the packages containing the presents had not been opened at that hour, and that the aggregate value of the offerings would probably amount to over $100,000. The table in the private dining room was covered with a miscellaneous collection of costly articles of silverware. Cottage No. 1, which the president and bride will occupy, is leased by Mr. Robert Garrett.

It was remarked that the president neglected to kiss his wife.

LIST OF GUESTS.

The following is a complete list of those present at the ceremony: Mrs. Folsom, mother of the bride; Rev. W. N. Cleveland, the president's brother; Miss Cleveland and Mrs. Hoyt, the president's sister; Thomas F. Bayard, secretary of state; Daniel Manning, secretary of the treasury; Mrs. Manning, William Endicott, secretary of war; Mrs. Endicott, Wm. C. Whitney, secretary of the navy; Mrs. Whitney, William F. Vilas, the postmaster-general; Mrs. Vilas, L. Q. C. Lamar, secretary of the interior; Daniel S. Lamont, private secretary to the president; Mrs. Lamont, Benjamin Folsom, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, of Seneca Falls, N. Y.; Mrs. Cadman and Miss Huddleson, of Detroit, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Harmon, of Boston, relatives of the bride; Miss Nelson, of New York; Mr. W. S. Bissell, of Buffalo, N. Y., the president's former law partner; Dr. and Mrs. Byron Sunderland.

For a few minutes the guests chatted gayly, but conversation was quickly suspended at 7:15 o'clock, when a selected orchestra from the Marine band, stationed in the corridor, struck up the strains of the wedding march from Mendelssohn's *Midsummer Night's Dream*, and all eyes were turned to the door way to catch the first glimpse of the coming bride and groom.

Starting from the western corridor on the upper floor, the president came slowly down the staircase with his bride leaning on his arm. They were unaccompanied—even the bride's mother awaiting her with the other guests.—Passing through the central corridor the bride and groom entered the blue room and took a position near its southern wall, which was completely hidden from sight by a mass of nodding plants tropical grasses and an endless variety of choice flowers.

THE CEREMONY.

The crystal chandelier poured a flood of mellow radiance upon the scene and the colors of the massive banks of scarlet begonias and royal Jacqueminot roses mingling with the blue and silver tints of the frescoed walls and ceiling gave a warm and glowing tone to the whole brilliant interior. The delicate ivory shades of the bride's wedding gown found an exquisite setting in the masses of crimson roses immediately beyond. The president was in full evening dress with turndown collar, white lawn necktie and white enamel studs.

Rev. Dr. Sunderland performed the ceremony amid a solemn hush, after which Rev. Mr. Cleveland, the president's brother, pronounced a benediction.

DEATH OF JOHN KELLY.

The Career of the Noted Leader of Tammany Hall.

NEW YORK, June 1.—John Kelly died at 3.20 this afternoon. He had been ill for two years. During the last few weeks he seemed to feel comparatively well, but on Sunday at 8 p. m. he was taken with an attack of fainting, and became weaker afterward. On Monday he was worse, but this morning an improvement was apparent. At noon, however, he began to sink and the approach of the end was realized. His death was painless, and he was conscious to the last. Only Mrs. Kelly and her two children were present when the patient passed away. No funeral arrangements have as yet been made.

John Kelly was born in New York city, in Hester street, April 20, 1821. His ancestors were natives of County Tyrone, Ireland. His youth was devoid of the vices which ordinarily play havoc with young men in great cities. He was a lad of spirit, but also quiet and thoughtful. His early schooling was brief, but after he began the battle of life in earnest he devoted some of his leisure time in the evenings to the study of English literature, science and the French language. His first employment was in the New York *Herald* office as an errand boy, which he relinquished for the purpose of learning a trade. He apprenticed himself to a soapstone cutter and grate-setter, soon learned the trade, and at 21 years of age was in business for himself, the prosperous owner of a grate and soapstone factory in Elizabeth street, New York. He was elected Alderman of the Fourteenth ward in 1853. In 1854 he was elected to Congress, and in 1856 was re-elected. In 1858 he was chosen Sheriff of New York, and again in 1864. During the worst days of the reign of the Tweed ring he was in Europe, seeking relief from the mental and physical depression occasioned by losing his first wife and four children within a short period. When he returned, however, he aided in prosecuting the Tweed ringsters, and in 1872 he became the leader of Tammany Hall. In 1876 Mayor Wickham appointed him Comptroller. His fight with Governor Robinson over the removal of County Clerk Gumbleton is one of the noted events in New York politics. As the leader of Tammany Hall, however, he quarreled with a number of Democratic statesmen who refused to blindly recognize the claims of that organization.—He quarreled with Lucius Robinson and built up the County Democracy by seeking to become the autocrat of New York city politics; he quarreled with Samuel J. Tilden; he quarreled with all the Mayors that he elected and could not mold as clay in the potter's hands; lastly he quarreled with Mr. Cleveland, though when it came to the national election he showed more regard for the welfare of the Democratic party than his record in politics had led many Democrats to hope for. His disappointment in losing the Tammany local ticket at this election, however, is believed to have had much to do with the physical collapse which has ended in his demise.

Mr. Kelly leaves a widow (the neice of the late Cardinal McCloskey) and two children. His private life was stainless, and he had far more culture then the average city politician and also more ability. Even his enemies have spoken of him as "Honest John Kelly."

Undigested Food.

In the stomach develops an acid which stings the upper part of the throat and palate, causing "heartburn." It also evolves a gas which produces "wind on the stomach," and a feeling and appearance of distension in that organ after eating. For both this acidity and swelling Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a much better remedy than alkaline salts, like bartshorn and carbonate of soda. A wineglassful of the Bitters, after or before dinner, will be found to act as a reliable carminative or preventive. This fine specific for dyspepsia, both in its acute and chronic form, also prevents and cures malarial fever, constipation, liver complaint, kidney troubles, nervousness and debility. Persons who observe in themselves a decline of vigor should use this fine tonic without delay.

IT is said that Pasteur's discovery was borrowed from an Italian, Dr. Eusalio Valli, who made it in 1799.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She has used many remedies without relief, being urged to try Dr. King's new discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years.

A VIOLIN made in 1833 and stolen in Germany in 1881 was recovered in Chicago last week by detectives put on the scent by documents from Russia.

Horse Notes.

"I take pleasure in saying that when my horses were sick with what was called lung fever, last Spring, I gave Simmons Liver Regulator (liquid) in one ounce doses, twice a day. They all recovered speedily.—E. T. MICHNER, Prop'r Michner's Express, Jenkintown, Pa."

"I wish to state that a valuable horse of mine was taken with colic, and after using all means available, the thought struck me (as I had no salts in the house) to use Simmons Liver Regulator. After giving about four ounces of it, in the lapse of a half hour he had an operation and was cured. I think it valuable information to yourselves and stock raisers. Yours respectfully,

W. A. Halland, Jessusville, Ga."

"PA," said Bobby sleepily, "can I ask you one more question if 'tsint foolish?" "Ya'as, one mote," "How much older is a ripe old age than a green old age?".—*Life.*

I TAKE pleasure in stating that I have known Ely's Cream Balm for more than five years, and have sold it during that time both in Binghampton and Montrose. I consider it the safest and best catarrh remedy in the market.—S. J. Sparkes, Druggist, Montrose, Pa.

I suffered for more than ten years with that dreadful disease catarrh, and used every available medicine which was recommended to me. I cannot thank you enough for the relief which your Cream Balm has afforded me.—Emanuel Meyers, Winfield, L. I.

THE suicide mania would appear to be highly contagious, as all widely reported cases are invariable followed by numerous others. Drowning as a means of self-destruction is losing popularity, the pistol being mostly used by men and poison by women.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—A number of women were arrested in Laconia, N. H., last week, charged with stealing Memorial Day offerings from the Union Cemetery. Other arrests will follow.

—Frank Bourne, a well known Kentucky outlaw, who had been operating in Kentucky as a horse thief for the past 35 years, committed suicide Thursday night of last week.

—Grasshoppers are playing havoc with vegetation in Northwestern Texas. The people are thoroughly alarmed. The appearance of the hopper is attributed to the severe drought which now prevails all over that section.

—"Quinsy troubled me for twenty years. Since I started using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have not had an attack. The Oil cures sore throat at once."—Mrs. Letta Conrad, Standish, Mich.

—The sure effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla are thorough and permanent. If there is a lurking taint of scrofula about you, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it, and expel it from your system.

—Whisker dye must be convenient to use, easy to apply, impossible to rub off, elegant in appearance, and cheap in price. Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers unites in itself all these merits. Try it.

—The Norfolk county, Va., truckmen never knew such a cabbage season. One man set out the largest area in the county. He put 1,500,000 plants on his four farms, and expects to market over 1,250,000 heads.

—When one sees the impure fats that are sometimes used in soap making he is inclined to doubt the cleansing qualities of the soap. Dreydoppel's Borax Soap is made from the purest refined tallow, and is guaranteed pure and healthful.

—A darky did a big business selling eggs in Osborne the other day, at 60 cents a dozen. He was able to sell a good many at this figure by offering, as an inducement to buy, the privilege to the buyer of throwing them at his head thrust through a hole in a canvas.

—Many suffering people drag themselves about with failing strength, feeling that they are steadily sinking into the grave when by using Parker's Tonic they would find a cure commencing with the first dose, and vitality and strength surely coming back to them.

—Not to be outdone by the Galveston *News'* statement that a live toad was found in a tree one hundred years old the editor of the Flushing, N. Y., *Journal* says he might have doubted the story had he not seen a live codfish taken from the center of an anvil that was melted down.

—I had to comb back the hair from my forehead and omit the parting to conceal my baldness. Since then Parker's Hair Balsam has made my hair as thick and glossy as ever. Ladies whose hair is getting thin will find the Balsam just splendid.—Mary Swanson Chicago.

—Ten year-old Nancy Taylor of Grant, Iowa, reads with the book upside down, and writes with inverted characters, beginning at the right side of paper or slate. She says that everything within three feet of her eyes seem upside down. At a greater distance her sight is normal.

—The grand jury at Chicago on yesterday week returned 34 additional indictments against the Anarchists. It is stated that five additional persons have been indicted for participation in the Haymarket massacre, and that additional charges have been prepared against those already under arrest.

—A barn was burned in Rockingham, Vt., not long ago, and a valuable horse was supposed to have been burned too; but the other day he was found in the possession of a milkman of a neighboring town, who had put his own old horse in the barn, stole the good horse, and set fire to the building to conceal the theft.

—John S. Gentry, while under the influence of liquor, got into an altercation with Dr. Agee, at Boonville, Ind., last week and cut the latter's throat. Agee died in five minutes. Gentry was a Democrat and Agee a Republican. A political dispute was the occasion of the murder. Agee was a brother of the Lieutenant Governor of Nebraska.

—Miss Haines, aged 28 years, was stolen from her parents in Elkton, Md., while a child by a man named Crawford and taken to Richmond, where she lived ever since. Just before his death, a few weeks ago, he revealed the secret of the young woman's birth. A correspondence between her and the woman said to be her mother established the truth of his story, and the two are now united.

—Mrs. Girlemann, a lady who arrived at San Jose, Cal., with three children recently from Hamburg to join her husband, says that a short distance from Lincoln, Neb., one of her little ones fell from a car window. It was some time before the conductor was found and the train stopped, but when parties returned with the mother to the scene of the accident, instead of a mangled child they found the little fellow playing with pebbles alongside the track.

—Mr. James H. Marr, chief clerk in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, Wednesday of last week entered upon his fifty-sixth year of continuous service in the Postoffice department. He received his first appointment when he was 21 years old from William Taylor Barry, who was Postmaster General when that office was elevated to a Cabinet position during President Andrew Jackson's first term. He has served under 27 Postmaster Generals out of 34.

—The Nubian woman's dress is a piece of dark blue calico wrapped around her waist and coming half way down to her ankles, her head and the upper part of her body being covered with a white muslin scarf with a red border, which can be drawn across the face. Her hair is sometimes gummed into a bushy circle, at others hangs down in thick masses of innumerable plaits; and necklaces of agate and amber beads, coral bracelets, silver and coral rings, ear rings and massive anklets complete the costume.

—A Chicago firm will undertake to raise the Robinson House, in Pittsburg, to a height seven feet greater than it is now without in any way disturbing its inmates. The house has a frontage of 139 on Seventh street and 110 feet on Duquesne way, and is four stories high. The walls are of massive thickness, the foundation stones of great weight. The work of raising will require six weeks and cost $9,000. The necessity for raising the house arose from the elevation of the street to get a proper roadway approach to a bridge.

—The extreme richness of the milk of the reindeer, that feed on the wild mosses of Sweeden, has led to an examination of the moss as an article of food. These researches have resulted in the establishment of a number of moss dealers in Russia and Sweeden and a prosperous and growing interest has been developed. The moss employed yields, on an average, as much alchohol as good grain, and three times as much as potatoes. The supply is practically inexhaustible, as it is spread over vast tracts, extending from the Baltic to Behring Straits.

—It has been ascertained that J. Finley Hoke, the late bookkeeper of the Merchant's National Bank of Peoria, Ill., has made away with $180,000 of the bank's money. As bookkeeper, he had nothing to do with the handling of the bank's money, and must have taken this immense sum from packages on the counters and in the drawers, and so doctored the books that they would correspond, unless there was collusion. Although the failure of the bank created quite a sensation, it did not cause a run on any other bank.

LONG SUFFERING.

From Stone in the Kidneys.

It is by no means strange that Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondoubt, N. Y., should have received the following letter. By reading it you will see in one minute why James Andrews was thankful:

Dr. D. Kennedy, Rondoubt, N. Y.

DEAR SIR: Until within a recent date, I had for several years suffered greatly from Gravel, called by the doctors the Brick-dust Sediment. For about a year past this sediment has not passed off in the usual quantity, but has accumulated causing me much pain. Having heard of DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY I tried it, and after using about one and one-half bottles I voided a stone from the bladder, of an oval shape, 7-16 of an inch long, and rough on its surface. I send you the largest piece, that you may see of what it is composed. Since then I have felt no pain. I now consider myself cured, and cannot express my thankfulness and gratitude for so signal a deliverance from a terrible disease. You have my consent to use this letter, should you wish to do so, for the benefit of other sufferers. Yours truly,

JAMES ANDREWS,
No 10 Marshal St., 1st Hill, Troy, N. Y.

Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is especially offered as a trustworthy specific for the cure of Kidney and Liver complaints, Constipation and all disorders arising from an impure state of the blood.

To women who suffer from any of the ills peculiar to their sex "Favorite Remedy" is constantly proving itself an unfailing friend—a real blessing.

There is no more agonizing class of disease, and none more certain "not to get well of itself" than the disorders of the kidneys and bladder. The only medicine that does afford speedy relief and permanent cure of such affections is Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," of Rondout, N. Y.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the stomach and Bowels.

W. J. MCELROY, Macon, Ga.

AFTER DINNER.

Persons who suffer from Indigestion can arrest the progress of that painful malady by the use of an after-dinner pill, so composed that it will give tone to the stomach, prevent heartburn, rouse the liver to healthful action, invigorate the kidneys, and thus, through the activity of these organs, promote the natural movement of the stomach and bowels. AYER'S PILLS are so compounded that their action, though mild, effectually produces the above results. They also, in curing Constipation, remove the cause of Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, and many other serious ailments.

AYER'S PILLS

contain no mineral nor poisonous substance, and do not gripe unless the bowels are irritated, and even then their influence is healing. To continue their effect in constipated or chronic cases, they need only be taken in diminishing instead of increasing doses. For seamen, and inhabitants or travelers in sparsely settled countries where physicians are not at hand, they are of inestimable value. There is hardly a sickness they will not alleviate, and in most cases cure, if taken promptly. To young girls just entering upon womanhood, and to women whose period of maternity is drawing to a close, Ayer's Pills, in moderate doses, merely sufficient to ensure regular action of the bowels, will be found of

Incalculable Value.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office Over Post Building, opp. Court House.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Eckenrode, Esq., on Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. (19-14-tf.)

DONALD E. DUFFUN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Office in Armory Building.

ENCOURAGE
HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,
CONSISTING OF
Parlor and Chamber Suits,
WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS,
Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables
CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS,
BED SPRING MATTRESSES,
and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest catalogue prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting
of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c. promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.
Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

NOT DEAD YET!
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.

V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

1794. 1883.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, June 20, 1882.

CHEAPEST and BEST. Prices Reduced
HOLMAN'S NEW PARALLEL BIBLES!
Over 2,000 pages. Fully illustrated. Agts wanted. Circulars free. A. J. Holman & Co., Phila.

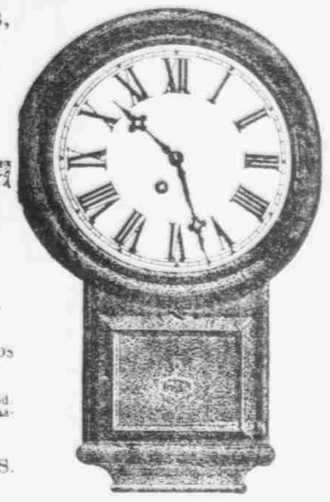
LISTEN! LISTEN! LISTEN!

To the Citizens of Cambria Co.
Generally; to Good Dressers Particularly.

If you love Nice Clothes, GOETZ, the Tailor, invites you to No. 1511 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, to examine into the Magnitude, Variety and Beauty of his New Spring Stock.

ALF. E. GOETZ,
Merchant Tailor,
1511 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Penn'a.

CARL RIVINIUS,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY.
Silverware, Musical Instruments
AND
Optical Goods.



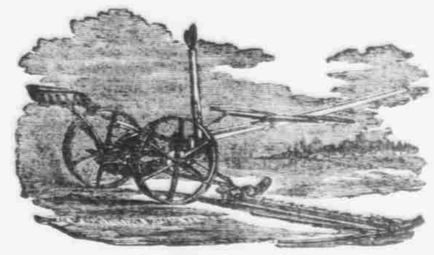
Sole Agent
FOR THE
Celebrated Rockford
WATCHES.
Columbia and Fredonia Watches.
In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
CARL RIVINIUS.
Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885.-tf.

Attention Farmers!



25 Per Cent SAVED.

If you think of buying a MOWING MACHINE during the coming, season give us a call and you will save at least 25 per cent.

E. DUFFON & SON.
Ebensburg, June 4-1885.

B. J. LYNCH,
UNDERTAKER,
And Manufacturer and Dealer in
HOME AND CITY MADE
FURNITURE!
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,
TABLES, CHAIRS,
Mattresses, &c.,
1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE
Between 16th and 17th Sts.,
ALTOONA, PA.

Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c. at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.
Altoona, April 16, 1886.-tf.

NATURE'S CURE FOR CONSTIPATION,
TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT.
Sick-Headache, AND DYSPEPSIA.
An elegant, efficacious, pleasant aperient in the form of a powder, producing when dissolved in water an exhilirating, effervescing draught, recommended by our best physicians as a reliable and agreeable remedy. It will cure constipation, cures indigestion, cures dyspepsia, cures heartburn, cures piles, cures sick headache, cures liver complaint, and sick stomach, and gently urges all the secretory organs to a proper action. It should be found in every household and be carried by every traveler. Sold by all druggists every where.

CATARRH
ELY'S Cream Balm
Gives Relief at once and cures COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY FEVER
Not a Liquid. Snuff or Powder. Free from injurious drugs and offensive odors.
HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril, and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. Circulars free. ELY BROS. Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Ebensburg Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent
EBENSBURG, PA.,
Policies written at short notice in the old reliable
ÆTNA,
Old Hartford
And other First-Class Companies.

VIRGINIA FARMS Mild Climate, Cheap homes. Circular. A. O. BLINN, Centralia, Va.

ST. FRANCIS' COLLEGE,
LORETTO, PA.,
IN CHARGE OF
FRANSICAN BROTHERS.
Board and Tuition
for the Scholastic Year, $200.
March 26th, 1886 tf.

J. J. JOHNSTON, W. J. BUCK, J. F. BUCK
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.
Money Received on Deposit,
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS
DRAFTS on the Principal Cities Bought and Sold and a
General Banking Business Transacted.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
Ebensburg, April 4, 1884.-tf.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
the popular favorite for dressing the hair. Restoring color when faded, and preventing baldness. It promotes the growth, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC
The best Cough Cure you can use. And the best preventive known for Consumption. It cures bodily pains, and all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Urinary organs and all Female Complaints. The feeble and weak, struggling against disease, and slowly

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

JUNE 11, 1886.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—The crop is going to be immense.

—Bananas go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Rye is the only crop that is not doing well.

—Use Paris Purple and Paris Green for the potato bugs at Huntley's.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your shovel plows. They have the best.

—The next meeting of the State Medical Society will be held at Bedford.

—The best bar iron at 2½c. rates at Huntley's Reliable hardware store.

—A fine lot of honey at the Sugar Bowl.

—George H. Roberts is having his residence improved by a coat of paint.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your wrought iron fencing.

—Twenty new citizens were naturalized yesterday last by the Court.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and all kinds of castings.

—The Old Fountain Inn, is advertised for sale by the Sheriff of Blair county, on the 21st inst.

—Mr. William M. Jones, of Allegheny formerly of this place, spent a few days among us this week.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for pure ground bone dust for buckwheat, wheat and corn.

—A lot of "stone chinaware" just received at the "Old Reliable" hardware store of Huntley.

—Rupture instantly relieved by the use of Celebrated Fry Truss, for sale at Davis's drug store.

—The tavern license granted to Jesse McGee at Portage, was on Monday last transferred to Felix Toole.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your grass and shovel plows, single shovel plows, cultivators, etc.

—The tavern license granted to J. J. Dean township, was on Monday transferred to Patrick Dunn.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and repairs for the Walter A. Wood mowers.

—The Star base ball club, of this place, defeated the St. Francis College nine, on Friday last, by a score of 14 to 13.

—The Double Harpoon Hay Forks can be had for a trifle at Huntley's hardware store, go and see them.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your repairs. They deal only in first class goods.

—George H. Roberts last week sold a handsome black team to Mr. Joseph Berkheimer.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and repairs for the Champion mowers and reapers.

—Farmers, if you want a first class Chilled Tooth Harrow cheap, go to Huntley's hardware store and get the "Perry."

—A full line of tablets, paper, pens, pencils and inks at Davison's drug store.

—Mr. Mc'Ahan's flouring mills, Blair county, have in use a grow-bar that has been continuous use for seventy-six years.

—Some fine lots of maple sugar were made in Quemahoning, Somerset county, last week. The price paid was six cents per pound.

—Henry H. Coons, a Bedford county man, was taken to the insane asylum last week. It is alleged that he became insane by taking patent medicines.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and repairs for the Tiger mowers, Champion Manny mowers and the Johnston mowers and reapers.

—R. H. J. McKenzie, mercantile appraiser for the county, sat at the commissioners office on Monday last hearing and deciding appeals from this appraisement.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker to buy new twine, papers and twine binders. They are the best and will sell cheaper for the same quality of machines.

—The citizens of Chest Springs have in contemplation the erection of a large steam grist mill. If is the intention to form a stock company, and already $2,400 have been subscribed.

—Four hundred thousand feet of walnut lumber has been shipped from Bedford county to Baltimore the present spring, the prices of which ranged from thirty to forty dollars per thousand feet.

—Mrs. L. A. Peeler, wife of Mr. David Peeler, of Johnstown, died at the residence of her son-in-law, Rev. D. H. Campbell, in Clearfield, Huntingdon county, on Saturday last, aged about seventy-four years.

—The interest of Roland Dixon in six acres of land in Reade township was sold on Saturday last by Sheriff Gray to Perry Troxell, Esq. The balance of the properties advertised was either stayed or continued.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for Lap Robes and Horse Nets at prices at Huntley's.

—The Altoona *Sunday Morning* entered upon its fourth year on Sunday last. We regard it as an excellent family newspaper—ably edited—full of choice selections deserving of a most generous support.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and repairs.

—On Tuesday afternoon of last week the extensive planing mill of J. C. Hess & Bro., located at Greenville, Indiana county, was entirely destroyed by fire. The loss is heavy, which is nearly covered by insurance.

—The explosion of a carbon oil lamp in the house of a little girl started a fire in Westmoreland county, on Friday evening of last week, that burned eight houses. It is feared the girl perished in the flames.

—The D'Haro Bros., liverymen of this place, have just received six of the finest horses ever seen in Ebensburg, without exception. Three of them were made in Ohio, and for easy riding and workmanship cannot be excelled.

—The whiskey sales by prescription have greatly increased, but there has been a decrease of gallon and demijohn sales at the distillery, while the arrival by rail of whiskey packages from Pittsburg, Johnstown and other points has become remarkable.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your points and all kinds of mowers and reapers.

—Hughes a young man about twenty-two years of age, son of Mr. Peter Hughes, of Johnstown, was instantly killed on Monday morning, on the Cambria Iron Company's railroad near Johnstown. The young man had been at a pic nic on Saturday and was drinking and started home about midnight at night and when on the road lay down and went to sleep. His body was almost severed from his body and otherwise fearfully mutilated.

—Go to J. & H. A. Shoemaker for your tread-power threshers.

—July 5th is the day fixed for holding the next Argument Court.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., wants 5000 lbs. good, clean, dry wool, for which he will allow one-half cash if desired.

—Letters await the following persons in the Ebensburg post-office: James C. Davis, F. W. Davis, Mr. Jacob Stebaugh, Mr. Henry Stonebaugh, John D. Wolf.

—A walnut tree was recently cut on the farm of A. M. Coleman, near Blairsville, that measured nine feet across the stump. It was bought by a man who represents a Buffalo, N. Y., furniture manufactory, and was shipped to that city. The log was so heavy that it required eight large horses to haul it to the station.

—Mr. David Ellis, of the firm of Ellis & Sons, manufacturers of the finest grades of Roller Process flour, at Indiana, Pa., spent a few hours in town on Friday last. The flour manufactured by the Messrs. Ellis has been in use in Ebensburg for several years, and a great many of our people will us no other. Try a sack of their "Victor" and you will then know what it is to have good flour.

—For fresh vegetables go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Charles J. Stahl, book binder and dealer in musical instruments, committed suicide by hanging himself from the transom in the hall of his residence at No. 1109½, Eleventh avenue, Altoona, on Friday last. The deceased was a prominent German citizen, in comfortable circumstances, and had become despondent from brooding over bad investments. He was 53 years of age and leaves a wife and four children.

—Five hundred men wanted! Also same number of ladies and children to call at the store of Loretto Merchandise Co., and examine our stock of dress goods, dry goods, men's clothing, ladies' and gent's fine shoes. Ladies' fine kid button shoes $1.90 to $2.85. Try our $2.00 kid button shoes; they are excellent for the price. In groceries we handle only pure goods. Wool wanted in exchange for goods.

—A great many people in this country have become rich from labor saving inventions. If a man can invent some useful labor saving machine his fortune is assured. If you have no inventive genius your next best plan is to try and save money, by buying your dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions and all kinds of canned goods, at John Owens, store on High street where goods are always sold at bottom prices.

—John E. Fry, who was for many years Superintendent of the Cambria Iron Company's Bessemer works, at Johnstown, was arrested at Pottsville, this state, on Friday last, charged with enticing several little girls aged between eight and fifteen years of age into a cemetry at that place for vile purposes. He is about forty years of age eminent in his profession and denies the charges and says he can explain his conduct satisfactorily. He was lodged in jail.

For all kinds of choice groceries go to the Sugar Bowl.

Mr. Philip Collins of ,Bellefonte, has purchased a locomotive and fifty cars for use on the Buffalo Run Railroad. The new road will be seventeen miles and a fraction in length, and there will be in all twenty two miles of track laid, the additional five miles being made up of sidings. There are vast deposits of ore along the route, which will thus be developed. The Beech Creek road will probably be completed to a point where connection can be made with it.—*Altoona Times.*

—Before the adjournment of Court on Monday afternoon, George M. Reade, Esq., President of the Cambria Bar Association announced to the Court the death of two members of the bar since the last sitting of the Court—John E Scanlan, Esq., of Ebensburg, and James M. Swank, Jr., Esq. of Johnstown. Eulogistic remarks were made by Mr. Reade, Col. John P. Linton, and Judge Johnston and Court was adjourned out of respect to the deceased members of the bar.

—The Bellefonte *Democrat* says that a woman living a short distance west of Stormstown, Centre county, attempted to commit suicide in a most shocking manner on Thursday of last week. She saturated her clothing with coal oil and set fire to them, and had she not been discovered and the flames speedily extinguished, death in its most horrible form would have been the result. As it is, the injuries she sustained are of a very serious character, and although still living, her condition is exceedingly critical.

—Dr. William H. Sloan, a well known physician at Chest Springs, died suddenly at the residence of Mr. Henry Itel, in Clearfield township on last Sunday morning. The Doctor was called to attend the family of Mr. Itel about twelve o'clock on Friday night and remained all day on Saturday. About eleven o'clock on Saturday night he laid down to rest telling the family to call him if wanted. A short time after lying down he called for a drink of water, and the party taking him the drink noticed that there was something unusual in his appearance and that he was very sick. Dr. Noonan of Chest Springs was sent for and responded to the call, but on his arrival Dr. Sloan was in a dying condition and shortly afterwards expired. Doctor Sloan was a native of Indiana county, had practiced at St. Nicholas in this county about sixteen years ago, and removed from there to Chest Springs. He was about fifty years of age and was regarded as a skilful physician.

—Cornelius Arthurs, was tried and acquitted on Tuesday last for breaking into a freight car and stealing some goods. After his acquittal he left the Court House and thought he would take a look at the town. In the meantime an information was made against him before Esquire Kinkead, for another offence of the same kind, a warrant was issued and the officers were on the look-out for him. In the afternoon Deputy Sheriff Blair was taking three prisoners from the Court House to the jail, and when they reached High street, Arthurs put in an appearance and commenced talking to the prisoners. Deputy Blair reached for him just as one of the prisoners informed Arthurs that there was another warrant for him. Arthurs started to run out Center street toward the Court House at a 240 gait when Mr. William Dufton, who was standing in front of his hardware store started after him. Mr. Dufton is an athlete and can run like a candidate, was rapidly gaining on Arthurs and would have overtaken him in a short distance but some man coming from the Court House when just opposite the livery stable of O'Hara Bros. tripped Arthurs and he fell and his capture was made easy. He was taken to jail to await his trial.

FRESH NEWS EVERY DAY FROM GABLE & CO.

They pay for space in order to call the attention of the many readers of this paper to the numberless bargains in their store (1402 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, Pa..) and everybody should heed what they say, for this space is too valuable for them to use without SAYING SOMETHING. When they tell you they are offering Balbriggan Underwear at 37½c., worth 50c., you had better pay attention; it might save you 25 per cent. on your investments in such goods. This 25 per cent. saved applies to more than Balbriggan Underwear; it applies to every department.

Wool! Wool! Wool!

Wm. Murray & Son 1315 Eleventh avenue, Altoona, pay the highest cash price for Wool in exchange for dry goods and carpets. Bring your wool to Altoona and get trade for it at Altoona cash prices.

WM. MURRAY & SON,
1315 Eleventh avenue, Altoona. 2m.

The Tramp's Concert.

Weary, hungry and thirsty, I flung myself down at sultry noon in a shady nook by the wayside. A gentle rise of hill shut out the view: for naught could be seen save the blue of heaven above where airy castles of silver fleece were floating, which one might in imagination people with angel tenantry.

The crickets basked and chirped in the fervid beam of midday; the russet sorrel and scanty clover that sparsely covered the upland, waved to and fro in the warm breath of the summer's day, whilst, from a neighboring locust came the drowsy hum of bees busily engaged amid the oceans of fragrant blossoms.

Now and then a fly would sing by in many a zig-zag, and yellow butterflies slowly fluttered about over the buttercups in the thick grass below the hill.

Across the way, and farther down the slope, the woods were flanked by a few scattering sentries, so to speak, whose bowering tops and straight, majestic stems stood above the meadows in grand dignity. Meadow, and shrub, and wood were vocal with ecstatic song from the throats of many birds, tinkling bells gave music from the necks of fleecy flocks; and far away, out of the smooky distance came the faint caws of listless crows.

From the farm-house, almost hid in the hazy distance, arose the clear call of chanticleer, interrupted, now and then, by the gobble of some stately turkey. Such an accord of sounds as one might not hear save from the organ of Nature, or Heaven!

The concert-stage was grand, filled with the glory of its Creator. Balmy air filled with sweet perfume; hill slops basking in the sun, covered with buttercup, clover and russet sorrel; above the crest, the fleecy clouds, and blue ether; on the slope below, the wood, the scattered bower, flowery shrubs along the fences, away in the distance; lying in peace and lazy indistinctness, vale, meadow, ruddy cultured field, orchard, farm house, 'mid bowers and grain fields, ribbons of road through woody regions, stretching away and away into the far horizon, like distant islands on the wide Pacific.

All this was animated by song, and buzz, and caw, and clarion call, and drone of fly, and tinkle of bell; by breezy songh in the tree tops, and far distant sounds of the busy world.

My spirits were raised to ecstatic enjoyment of this dreamy region of Eden beauty, and I praised mentally the Great Creator of heaven and earth in the language of the Cherubim in the temple—"Holy, holy, holy is the lord of hosts; the whole earth is full of His glory."

Such a wondrous richness of supply for the demand of the senses! Such power, such wisdom, such fitness, such consideration! I had food to eat, that the mere workding knew not of. A. D. H.

Nearly a Smash up.

The managers of the Republican party in this county, who, as a general custom have things their own way, met a few weeks ago and announced Mr. Isaac E. Chandler, of Johnstown, and Mr. Edmund James, of Ebensburg, as the candidates to be nominated for Assembly, at the next Republican convention. Their right to make the ticket has never been questioned heretofore and when associate Judge Masters began showing some signs of kicking, it was something they were not altogether prepared for. E. P. Baker, Esq., of Susquehanna township, who has always been a gentle driver in the Republican harness, but who has also the legislative bug in his ear, is also restless and fretful. The managers concluded to put the war bridle on Judge Masters and 'Squire Baker, and on Tuesday last, at the Mountain House, ex postmaster James attempted to put it on. He rubbed the Judge down gently at first, patted him on the back, said oats to him, but at the sight of the bridle the Judge kicked, kicked over the traces, kicked out of the harness and in fact kicked all over and became entirely unmanageable. Whether Isaac E. Chandler and Edmund James are to have a walk over or not, is a serious question with the managers and will be settled at either Johnstown or Ebensburg on some Sunday afternoon before the meeting of the Republican convention.

Cambria Bar Association.

The annual meeting of the Cambria Bar Association took place in Ebensburg, on Monday evening last. The report of the Board of Managers was read and adopted. The crayon portrait of Hon. John Dean was presented and accepted. The Association directed that a portrait in the same style be procured of the late Hon. George M. Taylor. The resolutions of condolence and respect of the late James M. Swank were recorded and the committee authorized to have the same engrossed. The officers for the current year were elected, which are: George M. Reade, President; John P. Linton, Vice President; W. Horace Rose, Treasurer, and A. V. Barker, Secretary. The President appointed the following Board of Managers: Daniel McLaughlin, John P. Linton, and W. Horace Rose. The President and Secretary are *ex officio* members of this committee; The President also appointed the following Committee on Grievance: H. H. Kuhn, H. W. Storey, Alvin Evans, John M. Rose, and F. A. Shoemaker. Adjourned.

A School Girl Whips the Teacher.

Broad Top, Huntingdon county, school girls will not be trifled with. Miss Coons, a teacher of some experience, now teaching a summer school, attempted to punish one of her female scholars on Tuesday of last week, and, as she did so, the pupil rose up in her seat and struck square from the shoulder, knocking the teacher down and upon the attempt of the latter to get up, repeated the operation, felling her senseless to the floor. She was at once carried to her boarding place and a physician summoned, and for two days was not able to be out of bed. The girl was arrested on the following Wednesday morning, but Miss Coons being of a timid nature and dreadfully afraid of law, the matter was settled by the disobedient pupil promising immedaite and lasting obedience to law and order.

DIED.

HOOVER—Died at her home in Clearfield township on Monday May 31, 1886, Mrs. Mary Hoover, wife of Francis Hoover, aged about 72 years.

The Superintendent of the Cresson and Coalport Railroad has arranged the following schedule, which went into effect on Monday last.

	Leaves—Northward. No. 1 A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	Mixed P. M.
Cresson,	6.20	11.50	4.30
Wildwood,	6.47	11.48	4.60
Dawson,	6.50	11.52	4.54
Ansbry,	7.00	12.00	5.00
Ashville,	7.08	12.12	5.15
Burnt Mills,	7.16	12.20	5.25
Dysarts,	7.20	12.25	5.30
Condron,	7.25	12.30	5.35
Dean,	7.30	12.36	5.41
Frugality,	7.40	12.47	5.54
Fallen Timber,	7.50	12.57	6.05
Flynn City,	8.00	1.10	6.17
Coalport,	8.11	1.21	6.30
Rosebud,	8.14	1.24	
Irvona,	8.20	1.30	

	Leaves Southward. No. 1 A. M.	No. 2 A. M.	Mixed P. M.
Irvona,	8.20	1.30	
Rosebud,	8.27	1.37	
Coalport,	9.00	2.10	5.14
Flyn City,	9.12	2.22	5.32
Fallen Timber,	9.24	2.33	5.50
Frugality,	9.34	2.44	6.08
Dean,	9.45	2.54	6.22
Condron,	9.50	3.00	6.30
Dysart,	9.55	3.05	6.37
Burnt Mills,	10.00	3.10	6.45
Ashville,	10.08	3.18	7.08
Ansbry,	10.17	3.26	7.18
Dawson,	10.28	3.38	7.34
Wildwood,	10.32	3.42	7.36
Cresson,	10.50	4.00	8.08

Circular Letter to Teachers.

It will prove to the advantage of the teachers of the county, who undergo the annual examinations that they be informed of the general requirements in the different branches. The teacher's work is progressive and requires continued preparation. It is our aim to raise the standard for certificates equal at least to that of neighboring counties. Many teachers attend the State Normal Schools and the select schools of the county in order to qualify themselves properly for their work. Others who are unable to attend school pursue their studies to some extent privately. That all may be enabled to properly direct their studies and pass examinations creditably, the following outline of the requirements for the examinations for the ensuing school year is submitted:

Orthography—In addition to the usual oral and written work, a knowledge of the common rules of spelling will be added. Synonymns and definitions of words will be required.

Reading—Teachers will be requested to present selections of their own and give a general analysis of the same. To discuss the principles of good reading and show acquaintance with the literature of our school readers and the general literature of the country as given by any good work on the subject.

Penmanship—To present specimens of writing and give analysis of small and capital letters, with models for movement exercises. To write with pen and ink the work of at least one branch during examination.

Arithmetic—The work in this branch will be presented by printed questions and will comprise the applications of Arithmetic as found in ordinary text books. Rules will be required inductively and deductively. Teachers will be required to compose problems in the ordinary and most practical operations. Rapidity in the fundamental operations will be expected.

Geography—A general knowledge of political and physical Geography including a thorough knowledge of our State and United States.

Grammer—This subject will include the elements of speech, elements and analysis of sentences and composition. Teachers will receive credit for presenting the most approved methods of analysis by diagrams. Punctuation and the general rules for construction of sentences will be required; also the ordinary figures of speech.—Letter-Writing as found in ordinary text books. A short essay on some familiar subject will be required on day of examination.

History—History of the United States as found in ordinary text books. A general knowledge of the Constitution will be required.

Physiology—Teachers must be examined in this branch after June 1, 1886. A thorough knowledge of the subject as found in ordinary text books will be required. Teachers should be prepared as far as possible to illustrate by diagrams the different parts and organs of the body.

Theory of Teaching—In this branch it is hoped that the work of the examinations will be more satisfactory than heretofore. The study of this subject has been too fragmentary by many of our teachers. More system and thoroughness in study will bring better results at examinations and consequently better work in our schools. We recommend that the study of Raub's Methods of teaching and School Management be continued during the comming year. This work has been generally adopted throughout the county and we think it unwise to change text books on this subject too frequently. Chapters II., III., IV. and V. of the work on School Management and the chapters in Methods of Teaching which relate to teaching the common branches are recommended as a course of study for the coming school year. Our leading teachers will be expected to be able to present the views of our prominent educators on the live educational questions as presented by our leading educational papers. Teachers will be expected to acquaint themselves with such portions of the school law as relates to their work in connection with our schools.

The examinations throughout the county will be held about the usual time. The examination for professional certificates will precede the regular examinations. The general announcement of examinations will appear in the county papers at the proper time.

The State Superintendent has decided that teachers who have been granted professional and permanent certificates prior to June 1, 1886, need not be examined in Physiology during the coming school year.

Teachers who desire to apply for permanent certificates should make application to the County Superintendent for the necessary blanks which are furnished free to applicants.

LEWIS STRAYER,
County Superintendent.

Superintendent's Office,
Ebensburg, Pa., June 1, 1886.

Hemlock Items.

The first strawberries are in market.

M. A. McGonigle is opening a vein of fire clay on his land.

Col. Dick White Post 513, G. A. R. proposes taking an excursion to Coalport next week.

Most of the miners from the Clearfield region, who had been working here during the strike there, have gone back to their old quarters.

The man Harvey, whom I noted last week as having been severely injured, is getting along very well.

About one half the miners here have struck and probably the rest well be out in a day or two.

Some of the miners are in favor of working while others are not.

I cannot see what good a strike here will do when other places are working. C.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court during the week ended Wednesday June 9, 1886:

Daniel Conloone and Agnes Montromery, Washington township.

Charles Tropp and Mary Ketler, Conemaugh borough.

John Broadwell and Margaret Scheridan, Washington township.

James W. Hunt Jackson township, and Susan Findley, West Taylor township.

Lincon J. Rhodes and Ella Blackford, Johnstown.

Maximillian Behrand and Maria Adam, Johnstown.

George M. Owens and Margaret J. Graham, Millville.

William H. Oldham and Susan Daniels, Stonycreek township.

Frank Ferner and Miriam Prosser, Johnstown.

Samuel J. Giffey, Johnstown, and Selina Semple, Millville.

Ernst Gerlack and Augusta Ferck, Cambria Borough.

Samuel B. Glass, Altoona, and Effie May Miller Franklin.

William D. Litzinger and Catharine Brothers, Chest Springs.

—Six pigs about 3 months old wanted by Barker Bros.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

On Monday last Court met with Honorable R. L. Johnston President Judge and Honorable John Flanagan and Joseph Masters Associate Judges on the bench.

Irwin Rutledge, of Johnstown, was appointed foreman of the Grand Jury.

Com. vs. Levi Wagner. Fornix et cet Sarah Powell prosecutrix pleads guilty.

Com. vs. Samuel McCreary. Larceny.—Jury finds the defendant not guilty.

Com. vs. Samuel Lightner. Larceny Jury finds defendant not guilty.

Com. vs. Cornelius Arthur. Stoning a Railroad car, Jury find defendant not guilty and the county pay the costs.

Com. vs. James Davis. Larceny. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to four weeks in county jail.

Com. vs. John Grady and Micnael Brady Larceny. Jury find defendants guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $100, cost of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for one year.

Com. vs. Cornelius Arthur. Larceny. Jury find the defendant not guilty.

Com. vs. Robert Finan. Resisting an officer and assault and battery. Defendant pleads guilty to assault and battery and nolle pros. entered as to the first court.

Com. vs. W. A. Bradley, Forgery. Recognizance of the defendant forfeited.

Com. vs. Charles McClarren. Carrying concealed weapons. Nolle pros. entered on payment of costs by defendant.

Com. vs. Peter Stormer. Assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty and that the county pay the costs.

Com. vs. Jere Lynch. Fornix et cet. Mary Snyder prosecutrix. Defendant pleads guilty sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution and pay to the prosecutrix the sum of $50 00 lying in expenses.

Com. vs. John Grady, Edward Sweeny and Robert Finn. Larceny. Jury find defendants guilty.

Com. vs. John Grady. Larceny. Jury find defendant guilty. Judgment arrested.

Com. vs. William L. Hilderbrand. Carrying concealed weapons. Jury find defendant guilty. Motion for new trial and arrest of Judgment.

Com. vs. James Brawley. Obstructing a Highway. Distralct Attorney enters a nolle pros.

Com. vs. Gabriel Snyder. Fornix et cet. Defendant not taken.

Com. vs. George Rish. Adultry. Continued.

Com. vs. James Bunyan. Carrying concealed weapons. Jury find the defendant not guilty and that the county pay the costs.

Com. vs. Jacob Croyle. Obtaining goods under false pretense. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $100, costs of prosecution and make restitution of the money and undergo imprisonment in county jail for 10 days.

Com. vs. Barney Burgoon. Obstructing a Highway. Jury find defendant not guilty the county to pay the costs.

Com. vs. William Huey. Assault and battery. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay two thirds of the cost, and the prosecutor one third of the costs. Sentenced accordingly.

Com. vs. Cornelius Arthur, and Jack McDonald. Larceny. Jury find defendants not guilty.

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by E. James.

ASSIGNEES' SALE.

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to sale, at public vendue, or outcry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JULY 3RD, 1886,

At one o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of A. J. Christy, Francisan Brothers, Henry Ivory, John T. Will, James Biter and others, containing

SIXTY-SIX ACRES,

More or less, having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY PLANK HOUSE,

A LOG BARN, and outbuildings in good repair.

This farm is about one-eighth of a mile from Loretto and is all under fence. There is a good orchard on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, with interest to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOSEPH ROGUE,
Assignee of F. E. Behe, et ux.

Loretto, Pa., June 11, 1886-3t.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE!

The subscriber will sell at private sale, his farm in Allegheny township, Cambria county, adjoinlands of Valentine Bishop, Joseph Maloy and John Rose, containing

Seventy-Three ACRES,

About 55 acres cleared, having thereon erected a comfortable LOG HOUSE, and a good barn. The farm is in a good state of cultivation, well watered and has a good selection of fruit. For further particulars call on the subscriber on the premises

JOSEPH BILLER.

Allegheny twp., June 11, 1886.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF the Borough of Lilly, Cambria county, Pa.

HENRY BOLEY, Collector and St. Commissioner.

	Dr.	
To amount of duplicate		$ 344 38
	Cr.	
By tax work on street	$ 99 48	
By amount paid to treasurer	156 95	
By exonerations of Council	13 90	
By Com. on $243.10 at 5 per ct.	12 16	
By work as st. Com. & sundries	65 29	
To balance due Henry Boley		3 40
	$ 347 78	$ 347 78

SIMON CONRAD, Treasurer.

	Dr.	
To amount from last settlement		$ 4 40
To amount received from collector and Burgess		258 63
	Cr.	
By orders paid and cancelled	$ 213 25	
By Com. on $213 25 at 2½ per ct.	5 33	
By Balance in treasury	44 35	
	$ 262 93	$ 262 93

JOHN R. KELLEY, Burgess.

	Dr.	
To amount received from fines and licenses		$ 90 58
By amount paid treasurer	$ 90 58	
To balance due Burgess Kelley		1 00
	$ 90 58	$ 90 58

LIABILITIES.

Obligation to Edward Edwards	$ 100 00
" to Gephart Bender	200 00
" to L. McDonald	100 00
" to Caron Leahy	329 00
" to Washington twp.	105 72
Outstanding Orders	9 45
	$ 844 17

ASSETS.

Balance in treasury	$ 44 35
Amount due from W. F. Moreland	12 90
" " " F. M. George	22 10
	$ 79 44
Excess of Liabilities	$ 764 73

We the undersigned auditors of Lilly Borough, have examined the above accounts and find them to be correct to the best of our knowledge.

BLAIR SHORT,
E. J. HUGHES,
H. EOLEY,
} Auditors.

CARON LEAHY Pres't,
JNO. R. KELLY, Burgess.

—Attest:—
J. C. BROWN, Clerk. Lilly, Pa., Mch. 8th, '86.

OH! MY BACK

Every strain or cold attacks that weak back and nearly prostrates you.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC

Strengthens the Muscles, Stenglies the Nerves, Enriches the Blood, Gives New Vigor.

DR. J. L. MYERS, Fairfield, Iowa, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best Iron medicine I have known in my 30 years' practice. I have found it specially beneficial in nervous or physical exhaustion, and in all debilitating ailments that bear so heavily on the system. Use it freely in my own family."

MR. W. F. BROWN, 627 Main St., Covington, Ky., says: "I was completely broken down in health, and troubled with pains in my back. Brown's Iron Bitters entirely restored me to health."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

TAKE NOTICE.

The Commissioners of Somerset and Cambria counties, will sell at 10 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday, June 22, 1886, the old wooden superstructure across Stonycreek, where the public highway leading from Davidsville, Somerset county, to Geistown, Cambria county, crosses said stream to the highest bidder for cash.

At the same time the Commissioners of Cambria county will award the contract of a construction of heavy coping on the rock or abutment and other needed repairs on the abutment for new bridge.

JOHN KIRBY,
JAMES COSTLOW,
DAVID HAMILTON,
Commissioner

Attest,
D. A McGONIGLE, clerk.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of Almira Vickroy, wife of Edwin Augustus Vickroy has presented her petition to the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Cambria, praying the said Court to authorize her to have the power to act and have the power to do business as a feme sole trader, according to the provisions of the act of Assembly in such cases made and provided and that said petition will be acted upon by said Court on Monday, July 5th 1886.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Prothonotary.

June 11-3t.

TRIAL LIST—JUNE TERM—1886.

SECOND WEEK.

Crouse vs. Faust.
J. S. Oil Co. vs. Glenn.
Ivory vs. McCullough.
McMillin & Co. vs. Shoemaker.
Baum vs. Tonkin.
Myers Ex'rs vs Martin.
Moorhead vs. Wingard.
Bennett vs. Herring.
Strayer vs. Miller et. ux.
Crum vs. Kittanning Ins. Co.
Flenner vs. Flenner.
use McGonigle vs. Myers.
Same vs. Thomas.
McCauley vs. P. R. R. Co.
Richardson vs. Luther.
Burns vs. P. R. R. Co.
Flick vs. Dodson.
Hill vs. Reem.
Strayer vs. Burns.
Reed vs. Thomas.
Sheerer vs. Hayes.
Gearing vs. Fitzharris.
Lee vs. Quartz.
Murphy vs. Trout.
Poland vs. Boyer.

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office,
Ebensburg, May 10, 1886.

GOOD SALARIES

or Commission to Men and Women to act as local or traveling Agents. No experience needed. Steady work. Address P. WHITNEY, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. (Mention this paper.)

SALARY OR COMMISSION.

WANTED immediately, a few Good Men to canvass for the sale of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Roses, &c.—Previous experience not essential.—H. P. FREEMAN & CO., Brighton, N. Y.

LADIES WANTED—To work for us at their own homes. $7 and $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and entertaining work. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO., P. O. Box 1910, Boston, Mass.

WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms, enclose stamp, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVERWARE CO'MPANY, Boston, Mass.

FARM FOR SALE!

A valuable farm situated in Allegheny township, Cambria county, about five miles from Ebensburg and three and one-half miles from Loretto, adjoining lands of James Naylor, W. S. Rock, and others containing

ABOUT 100 ACRES,

Having thereon erected a fine BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, large barn and all necessary outbuildings. The farm is in a fine condition, buildings all in good order and it will be sold on easy terms. For further particulars call on the undersigned on the premises.

June 4, 1885. M. L. DRISCOLL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Timothy McAteman, late of Washington twp., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement, to

JOHN McATAMANY,
Executor.

Washington twp., June 4, 1886-6t.

BRIDGE LETTING.

The Commissioners of Somerset and Cambria Counties will receive sealed proposals for an Iron Bridge over Stonycreek, to span 164 feet in length between abutments, with a fourteen feet Roadway. Also proposals for two spans, (same Bridge) where the public highway leading from Davidsville, Somerset County, to Geistown, Cambria County, crosses said stream.

Proposals will be received at the Commissioner's office Somerset, Pa., until 1 p. m., May 26th, 1886, when the proposals will be opened in joint session of the Commissioners of Somerset and Cambria Counties, at the Commissioner's office in Somerset, Somerset County, Pa.

PETER DUMBAULD,
ADAM C. LEPLEY,
JONAS McCLINTOCK,
Commissioners Somerset Co.

Attest—
A. J. HILLMAN,
Clerk.

JAMES COSTLOW,
JOHN KIRBY,
DAVID HAMILTON,
Commissioners Cambria Co.

Attest—
D. A. McGONIGLE,
Clerk.

May 14, 1886.

AGENTS WANTED For Our New Book Just Published, entitled

THIRTY YEARS A DETECTIVE

BY ALLAN PINKERTON.

Containing a thorough and comprehensive exposé of criminal Practice of all classes of Crimes, with Numerous Episodes of Personal Experience in the Detection of Criminals, covering a period of Thirty Years Active Detective Life and embracing many intensely interesting and thrilling Detective Sketches.

An entirely new book, profusely illustrated, and with Portrait of the Great Detective.

AGENTS WANTED!

In every town there are numbers of people who will be glad to get this book. It sells to Merchants, Mechanics, Farmers and Ladies as no other book. Thus every Agent can get it and every person to whom he can speak a word will buy it. This is a rare chance for a few Agents to make money. We want One Agent in every District (over 200 in this county) who will devote his time to the business, and become a successful Agent. For full particulars address G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM LINTON, of Summit,

Subject to decision of the Democratic Primaries. March 26, 1886.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

I announce myself as a candidate for nomination for the Assembly at the approaching Democratic Primary Election.

JOHN S. RHEY.

Ebensburg, April 9th, 1886.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

I will be a candidate for the nomination for Assembly at the coming Democratic Primary Election.

JOHN E. STRAYER.

Johnstown, April 2, 1886.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

DR. J. C. M'MULLEN,
O

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Col. F. D. Curtis advises attaching a sheaf of straw to the spot in stable against which a horse kicks. "It will cure the animal of the vicious habit."

The range practice of burning the owner's brand into the skin of cattle is said to depreciate the leather value of each hide to the extent of three to four dollars.

Prof. Cook recommends planting potatoes the first year after plowing up green sward, if wireworms attack the crop. The grubs live nearly three years as larvæ.

J. S. Woodward intimates that all manure should go direct from barn to field, thus doing away with the necessity of a barn yard, reeking with filth and unpleasant odors.

S. Hollingworth, an Indiana potato grower, strongly advocates the rotation of crops as a means of avoiding the crab. He manures his crop lightly on account of this disease, which he says is increasing.

The wire netting, sold at about one cent per square foot, is the best and cheapest poultry inclosure. Tacked to a board at the ground, it can be fastened above to scantlings extending from posts which should be about eight feet apart.

The *Journal of Agriculture* says that the value of fresh eggs for tonning up a horse's system is well understood by most managers of fine horses. Farmers having good horses and very cheap eggs would do very well to break one in each horse's feed occassionally during the spring of the year.

Vast quantities of marsh lands are being reclaimed by ditching in Indiana. The work is most profitably done by dredging, work being begun at the head of the ditch, where sufficent water will soon accumulate to float a boat carrying the machinery. The work done by this machine is at the rate of 250 lineal feet per day, on a 5 foot cut 25 to 30 feet wide.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* has noticed that peas and sweet corn planted in the middle of a bright, warm day, when the soil was thoroughly warmed by the sun, gained an advantage over those planted side by side, on the same day, but which were planted at night or early in the morning. These experiments, which were several times repeated, were conducted quite early in the season, before the ground was warm.

The Department of Agriculture has issued a pamphlet on "The Methods and Machinery for the Application of Diffusion to the Extraction of Sugar from the Sugar Cane and Sorghum, and for the use of Lime and Carbonic and Sulphuric Acids in Purifying the Diffusion Juices." Copies may be obtained free by addressing Norman L. Colman, Commissioner of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. The pamphlet is illustrated with 22 plates.

For vermin on cattle Hon. Warren Brown, of Massachusetts, recommends a carbolic soap which he prepares himself. He takes a pound bar of ordinary yellow soap and one ounce of carbolic crystals, dissolves the soap in hot water, adds the crystals of acid, and when the compound is cool it is excellent to rid cattle, horses and dogs of vermin; it also takes all the scurf and roughness out of the skin. The soap will harden again unless too much water is used.

The *Country Gentleman* says barn-yard manure should never be applied directly to barley, as it tends to make it bunchy, and increases fungi, and barley should never follow wheat or rye It does very well after a well-manured, clean-hoed crop (corn or potatoes), or if a good clover sod be turned down in the fall, and the barley plowed in shallow, so as not to turn up the sod; harrow and roll; when a few inches high roll again, to settle the land and destroy insects.

Prof. Budd says that in setting trees it is always best to lean the tree toward the south at a strong angle. This may not look near so well as to set them upright, but we must pay more attention to profit to ourselves and good health for the tree in this matter. By leaning the tree to the south in this manner, sun scalding is prevented to a great extent, for the top being partly between the sun and the trunk shades and protects it from the heat; as the tops and roots are both strongest on the north side, they will gradually pull the tree back into an upright position.

W. F. Brown in the *Indiana Farmer* warns farmers against "going security," which he truly says means you assume all the risk of another man's business, with no voice in its management, and no chance to share the profits if successful, but with a certainty of loss, if from rascality, neglect or unavoidable misfortune, the maker of the note fails to pay it. Mr. Brown thinks no married man should indorse a note for anybody without his wife's consent, saying it is unjust and dishonorable to jeopardize her interest in the property accumulated by mutual labor without her knowledge, and adds that generally the woman is wiser than the man and has sense enough to refuse to imperil their hard-earned savings.

BREAKING COLTS.—The future conduct of a colt depends much upon gentle training in his first lessons of subjection. Whatever vices colts contract, through carelessness or incompetency of the breaker, will last long as they live. It behooves the trainer to be on his guard against those evil propensities that may destroy their future usefulness. In order to avoid the breakers that have wrecked the fond hopes of many sanguine breeders by destroying their favorite colts by brutal treatment, great care should be exercised in selecting a competent trainer, with an even temper and good judgment.

An Infallible Plan.

"Well, I declare I could cry my eyes out with vexation."

"What's the matter, my dear?"

"I wore my new bonnet to church, and I don't believe a single woman looked at it."

"Well my dear, I can tell you how to attract attention next Sunday."

"How?"

"Wear your last year's bonnet."—*Call. Journal.*

A First-Class Teacher.

We copy a portion of an excellent address, by the Rev. Dr. Moore, delivered in Brooklyn some time since in aid of the erection of a new building for the Aidelphia Academy.

"Having spent some of the best years of my life as an instructor, I think I may, without egotism, claim some knowledge of what a first-class teacher is worth. I think I know something about the difficulties of a teacher's profession. I know something of the delicacy of the material on which he has to work, and of the wonderful results which he is expected to produce.

I believe it requires a rarer combination of excellence for a first-class instructor than for any other profession on earth. And when you find a man who has a genuine sympathy with children especially for boys; who has the ability to enter into their feelings, into their hopes and fears and aspirations, into their pride and boyish sensitiveness, and into all the elements that go to make up a boy's life; who has the power to arouse the dormant energies in boys, and awaken their minds to healthful activity; who has the power to rightly direct these energies when awakened; who has the ability to subject boys to a thorough intellectual discipline, and at the same time call out all the finer qualities of the mind and heart, and cultivate their social effections and inspire them with noble aims and generous impulses, who has the ability lead out and symmetrically develop the power of boys and make their student life a delight, so that from day to day they shall go about their task with spring and alacrity and bounding joy, as to the choisest recreation; when you find a man so endowed that he is able to so develop the minds of boys to make them beautiful and gentlemanly in their department, the elements so mixed that when they come to manhood all shall rise up and say they are *men*—when you find such a man worth his weight in gold, but is worth it ten times over—you will find a first class teacher. And that community down in the midst of which is dropped such a teacher as that ought to get on their knees and thank the Good Giver for such a treasure.

"I speak as a practical teacher. I repeat again, that I know the difficulties which environ a teacher's work; I know how difficult and delicate that work is; and when you know the worth of a finely developed boy—when you know how his development is going to tell upon the value and wealth and blessedness of his life on earth, and perhaps in eternity, you can in some measure appreciate the worth of such a teacher. Much as a community may appreciate, and well as they may pay him for his labor, they will forever remain his debtors."

How to Cure Sleeplessness.

Says a writer in the *Fortnightly Review*: When sleeplessness is troublesome relief should be sought for in the discovery and removal of the cause, whenever possible. The condition is often due to indigestion, and, when this is the case, the ordinary remedies for inducing sleep are worse than useless. The nervous relations between the brain and the stomach are so intimate that disorder of the one organ is almost certain to affect the other. Excitement, worry, and anxiety, which have their seat in the brain, interfere with the functions of the stomach, and in like manner anything that unduly taxes the power of or irritates the stomach disorders the circulation and nutrition of the brain. The sleeplessness often complained of by gouty persons is due to the poisonous effect of the morbid material upon the nervous system. Excessive smoking, too much alcohol, tea and coffee, often resorted to by overworked persons, are frequent causes of sleeplessness. In all these cases the cause is removable, while the effect may be counteracted by appropriate treatment. Nothing is more mischievous, however, than to continue the habits, and to have recourse to drugs to combat the effects. A due amount of exercise tends to induce normal sleep, and such exercise need not be of a violent character. A walk of two or three miles daily is sufficient, and is perhaps as much as a busy man can find time for. A ride on horseback, the Palmerstonian cure for gout, is probably the best form of exercise for those whose minds are constantly at work. It has been well said that a man must come out of himself when in the saddle. He is forced to attend to his horse and to notice the objects he meets. Walking may be a merely automatic process, and afford little if any relief to the mind, and carriage exercise may be practically valueless, if the mind is not diverted from what had previously occupied it.

The Small Tenants of Ireland.

Sir James Caird states that there are 633,000 small tenants in Ireland who will be unable to pay any rent if the present low prices of produce continue. He classifies Irish holdings under nine heads, as follows: Two hundred and eighteen thousand averaging £2 rental, 106,000 averaging £7 rental, 78,080 averaging £12 rental, 46,000 averaging £18 rental, 47,000 averaging £25 rental, 24,000 averaging £35 rental, 14,000 averaging £45 rental, 24,000 averaging £75 rental, 12,000 averaging £200 rental. This makes a total of 659,000 holdings, on which the annual rent is $52,085,000. Many tenants farm two or more holdings, and Sir James estimates the number of Irish bona-fied agriculturists at 400,000.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A Really New Joke.

Wife (reading the paper)—"Well, I declare, if that isn't the queerest thing I ever heard of."

Husband—"What's that?"

Wife—"Why, here in the paper is an account of a wedding up in Manchester, and among the wedding presents was a bull-terrier, given to the bride by her father."

Husband—"I don't see anything odd about that. She was the old man's youngest daughter, wasn't she?"

Wife—"Yes, but what has that got to do with it?"

Husband—"Why, of course, if she and all the rest were married, he had no further use for the dog."—*Somerville Journal.*

"Rough on Rats."
clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bedbugs.

Heart Pains.
Palpitation, dropsical swellings, sneezings, indigestion, jaundice, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

"Rough on Corns."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."
Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases; scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1, druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

This People
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

"Rough on Pain."
Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhœa, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 25c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

Mothers.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Good direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Piles."
Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50c. Druggists.

Pretty Women.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

"Rough on Itch."
"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

"Rough on Catarrh."
Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic case unequaled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

The Hope of the Nation.
Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate use "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrh of the Bladder.
Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1.

"Water Bugs. Roaches."
"Rough on Rats" clears them out, also beetles ants.

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEORGE P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers. A 100-page pamphlet, 10c

Consult Dr. De BUTTS
Dr. La Barge, Successor to
In diseases of the Blood, Skin and Bones—Nervous Debility, Impotency, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections, Female Complaints, Sores and Ulcers. Terms Reasonable. Hours of consultation, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Diseases Treated. Call or write for list of questions to be answered by those desiring courtesy and advice. Office No. 11 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
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"PEARL TOP" LAMP CHIMNEY

Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.
Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.
Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

BILIOUSNESS.
Bilious symptoms invariably arise from indigestion, such as furred tongue, vomiting of bile, giddiness, sick headache, irregular bowels. The liver secretes the bile and acts like a filter or sieve, to cleanse impurities of the blood. By irregularity in its action or suspensions of its functions, the bile is liable to overflow into the blood, causing jaundice, sallow complexion, yellow eyes, bilious diarrhœa, a languid, weary feeling and many other distressing symptoms. Biliousness may be properly termed an affection of the liver, and can be thoroughly cured by the grand regulator of the liver and biliary organs, BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Act upon the stomach, bowels and liver, making healthy bile and pure blood, and opens the culverts and sluiceways for the outlet of disease. Sold everywhere and guaranteed to cure.

STEIN'S
AFETY
TOCKING
UPPORTER

NO MORE BLOOD-STRANGLING GARTERS.
RECOMMENDED BY ALL THE LEADING PHYSICIANS.

Children's, 1 to 5 years,	8c. a pair.
ditto, two attachments,	10c. "
Misses' " "	13c. "
Ladies' " "	15c. "
Misses', with a belt, "	20c. "
Ladies', " " "	25c. "
Stocking, Abdominal, and Catamenial Bandage Supporter combined,	50c. "
Health Skirt Supporter,	25c. "
Brighton Gent's Garter,	15c. "

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ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.
Samples sent post-paid to any address upon receipt of price in 3-cent stamps.
LEWIS STEIN,
Sole Owner and Manufacturer,
178 Centre Street, New York.

CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N.Y.

WEAK, NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED MEN
and Women seeking health, strength and energy, should avoid Drugs, Secret Medicines, etc., and send for "The Review," or "Health and Strength Regained," a large Illustrated Journal, published entirely for their benefit.
ADVICE TO INVALIDS
HEALTH AND STRENGTH REGAINED.
COPIES FREE.
It treats on health, hygiene, physiology, culture, and many kindred subjects, and to a class of people of the highest intelligence, who are suffering humanity afflicted with long-standing, chronic, nervous, exhausting and sexual diseases, and the many ills and ailments of both male and female humanity, it is a boon and a blessing. Every subject that bears on the above is treated in its pages; and the most difficult questions are handled with delicacy, and explained in plain, simple language. Every one of these questions asked by those seeking and invalids who are disappointed after a cure has been effected, and valuable information is volunteered to all who are in need of medical advice. It is a volume of 100 large pages, and is worth its weight in gold. No similar work has ever been published. Every single man or selling person should have it.
YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED MEN, and others who suffer from nervous and physical debility, exhausted vitality, premature decline, etc., are especially benefited by its teachings. Every single sufferer wishes to know in fully given to every person of reflection at once. On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous Household game Verba. Forten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and nineteen of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.
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Apply now or preserve our address, as you may not see this notice again.

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THE GREAT CHINA TEA CO

One agent as premiums to those forming clubs for the sale of their TEAS and COFFEES. Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Silverware, Watches, etc. WHITE TEA SETS of 40 and 56 pieces sells $10 and $13 CHINA SETS of 44 and 56 pieces sells $18 and $23 orders. DECORATED TEA SETS of 44 and 56 pieces sells $15 and $18 orders. GOLD BAND or Moss Rose Tea Sets of 44 pieces, or White Dinner Sets of 112 pieces, sells $30 orders. Send for Club Book containing complete premium & Price List. THE GREAT AMERICA TEA CO. 210 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS.

AGENTS WANTED.
50 Patterns varied immediately. Good wages, steady work. Outfit free. Address J. ALBERT SHAW, Rochester and Boodsman, Rochester, N. Y.
DOLMAN FOR LADIES IN EVERY TOWN. Quick Sales. $150 per week profit, no capital required. Address Mandleson & Co., 102 Broadway, Albany, N. Y.
SEND 50 CTS. for three months' subscription to THE EVER ACTIVE, the prohibition paper, and you will receive a Polished Pocket Knife worth $1.00. Address, ACTIVE, Rochester, N. Y.
WANTED—Agents to sell the Best & Cheapest Steam Cooker in the U. S. Pickett Steam Cooker Co., Rochester, N. Y.
AGENTS for a new, profitable & permanent business paying $75 to $250 a month, all expenses. Address P. O. Box 1500, Boston, Mass.
15 HANDSOME PLAIN CARDS (5 colors) or 50 fancy cards No. C, 1 Pack & Co., Newark, N. Y.
AGENTS WANTED—Men and Women, Boys and Girls, to sell the Best and Fastest Selling Article in the World. Enormous profits. Sample and terms free. Address at once, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.
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SEND 10 CTS. for Sample of PEARL BLUE and PRIZE MEDAL GLOSS. Harvey Dye Pub. Co., 120 E. 23d St., New York.
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Whose VITALITY is failing, Brain DRAINED and Nerves UNSTRUNG by PREMATURE WASTE or Power, should use HOSPITAL REMEDIES (Electric Appliances and Medicines). Pamphlet free. CIVIALE AGENCY, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York.
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WINCHESTER'S GYMNOSPERM PILLS or LIME AND SULPHUR. Only sure cure for Consumption in every stage. Cures Rheumatism, Piles, Fever and Ague, Fits, Nervousness, Loss of Vitality, Impotency, Blood Diseases, Female Complaints, Kidney Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Diphtheria, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Blood Poisons, Mercurial Diseases, Boils, Carbuncles, Skin Diseases, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Sore Eyes, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Canker, Chronic Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, Fever Sores, Old Wounds, Broken Breasts, Felons, Whitlow, Bunions, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, Pleurisy, Pain in the Side, Chest or Limbs, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Scarlet Fever, Measles, Whooping Cough, Croup, Neuralgia, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Debility, Hysteria, Hypochondria, Melancholy, Insanity, Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Rickets, Spinal Diseases, Curvature of the Spine, Hip Joint Disease, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs, Gravel, Dropsy, Stone in the Bladder, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Pains in the Back, Hips and Limbs, Pimples on the Face, Blackheads, Ringworm, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Itch, Scaly or Rough Skin, Nettle Rash, Hives, Shingles, Barber's Itch, Dandruff